

EQ-64E1 Trunk Gateway User Manual V1.2





Welcome

Thanks for choosing **EQ-64E1 Trunk Gateway!** We hope you will make optimum use of this flexible, rich-feature trunk gateway. Please read this document carefully before install the gateway.

About this manual

This manual provides information about the introduction of the gateway and about how to install, configure or use the gateway.

This manual is written with reference to the default configurations of the EQ-64E1 Trunk Gateway.

Intended audience

This manual is aimed primarily at network and system engineers who will install, configure, and maintain the gateway.

System engineers are persons who customize the configurations to meet the requirements of users.

Parts of this document are aimed at users who use the gateway.

Revision Records

Document Name	EQ-64E1 Trunk Gateway User Manual v1.2		
Document version	V1.2		
Software version	03.06.10.30 p50		
Revised by	Ellie Zhang		
Date	04/05/2023		
Descriptions	(1) Update the configuration of default password		



Contents

Welcome	1
About this manual	1
Intended audience	1
Revision Records	1
1 Product Description	1
1.1 Overview	
1.2 Application Scenario	
1.3 Product Appearance	
1.3.1 Description of Ports and Indicators	
1.4 Functions and Features	3
2 Quick Installation	6
2.1 Preparations before Installation	6
2.1.1 Attentions for Installation	6
2.1.2 Preparations about Installation Site	6
2.1.3 Installation Tools	7
2.2 Installation of EQ-64E1	7
2.2.1 Put EQ-64E1 into Shelf	7
2.2.2 Connect Grounding wire to EQ-64E1	7
2.2.3 Connect EQ-64E1 to Ethernet	7
2.2.4 Connect EQ-64E1 to PSTN	8
2.3 Cabling of E1/T1 Port	9
2.3.1 How to make RJ-48 joint for E1/T1 Cable	9
3 Basic Operation	10
3.1 Configuration of IP Address	10
3.2 Local Maintenance	10
3.2.1 Example: Log in EQ-64E1 via Console Port	11
3.3 Query IP	
4 Configurations on Web Interface	14
4.1 How to Log in Web Interface	14
4.1.1 Network Connection	
4.1.2 Preparations for Login	
4.1.3 Log in Web Interface	
4.2 Introduction to Web Interface	
4.3 Configuration Flows	
4.4 Status & Statistics	
4.4.1 System Information	
4.4.2 DTU Status	
4.4.3 E1/T1 Status	20



4.4.4 PSTN Trunk Status	22
4.4.5 IP Trunk Status	22
4.4.6 SIP Registration Status	23
4.4.7 Call Info Status	23
4.4.8 PRI Call Statistics	24
4.4.9 SS7 Call Statistics	25
4.4.10 R2 Call Statistics	26
4.4.11 SIP Call Statistics	26
4.4.12 Radius Statistics	27
4.4.13 Record Statistics	27
4.4.14 Monitoring Information	27
4.5 Network Parameter Config	28
4.5.1 Network Config	28
4.5.2 Static IP Routing Table	
4.5.3 ACL White List	30
4.5.4 ACL Control Config	30
4.5.5 VLAN Config	31
4.6 PRI Config	32
4.6.1 PRI Parameter	32
4.6.2 PRI Trunk	34
4.7 SS7 Config	35
	25
4.7.1 SS7 Parameter	
4.7.1 SS7 Parameter	
	36
4.7.2 SS7 Trunk	36
4.7.2 SS7 Trunk	36 37 39
4.7.2 SS7 Trunk	36 37 39
4.7.2 SS7 Trunk 4.7.3 SS7 MTP Link 4.7.4 SS7 CIC 4.7.5 SS7 Link Set	36 37 39 41
4.7.2 SS7 Trunk 4.7.3 SS7 MTP Link 4.7.4 SS7 CIC 4.7.5 SS7 Link Set 4.7.6 SS7 CIC Maintain	36 37 39 41 41
4.7.2 SS7 Trunk	36 37 39 41 44 44
4.7.2 SS7 Trunk 4.7.3 SS7 MTP Link 4.7.4 SS7 CIC 4.7.5 SS7 Link Set 4.7.6 SS7 CIC Maintain 4.8 R2 Config 4.8.1 R2 Param	36 37 39 41 44 44
4.7.2 SS7 Trunk 4.7.3 SS7 MTP Link 4.7.4 SS7 CIC 4.7.5 SS7 Link Set 4.7.6 SS7 CIC Maintain 4.8 R2 Config 4.8.1 R2 Param 4.8.2 R2 Trunk	
4.7.2 SS7 Trunk 4.7.3 SS7 MTP Link 4.7.4 SS7 CIC 4.7.5 SS7 Link Set 4.7.6 SS7 CIC Maintain 4.8 R2 Config 4.8.1 R2 Param 4.8.2 R2 Trunk 4.8.3 R2 Setting	
4.7.2 SS7 Trunk 4.7.3 SS7 MTP Link 4.7.4 SS7 CIC 4.7.5 SS7 Link Set 4.7.6 SS7 CIC Maintain 4.8 R2 Config 4.8.1 R2 Param 4.8.2 R2 Trunk 4.8.3 R2 Setting 4.9 PSTN Group Config	
4.7.2 SS7 Trunk 4.7.3 SS7 MTP Link 4.7.4 SS7 CIC 4.7.5 SS7 Link Set 4.7.6 SS7 CIC Maintain 4.8 R2 Config 4.8.1 R2 Param 4.8.2 R2 Trunk 4.8.3 R2 Setting 4.9 PSTN Group Config 4.9.1 Clock Source	
4.7.2 SS7 Trunk 4.7.3 SS7 MTP Link 4.7.4 SS7 CIC 4.7.5 SS7 Link Set 4.7.6 SS7 CIC Maintain 4.8 R2 Config 4.8.1 R2 Param 4.8.2 R2 Trunk 4.8.3 R2 Setting 4.9 PSTN Group Config 4.9.1 Clock Source 4.9.2 E1/T1 Parameter	36 37 39 41 41 44 48 49 49 51
4.7.2 SS7 Trunk 4.7.3 SS7 MTP Link 4.7.4 SS7 CIC 4.7.5 SS7 Link Set 4.7.6 SS7 CIC Maintain 4.8 R2 Config 4.8.1 R2 Param 4.8.2 R2 Trunk 4.8.3 R2 Setting 4.9 PSTN Group Config 4.9.1 Clock Source 4.9.2 E1/T1 Parameter 4.9.3 Port Number	
4.7.2 SS7 Trunk 4.7.3 SS7 MTP Link 4.7.4 SS7 CIC 4.7.5 SS7 Link Set 4.7.6 SS7 CIC Maintain 4.8 R2 Config 4.8.1 R2 Param 4.8.2 R2 Trunk 4.8.3 R2 Setting 4.9 PSTN Group Config 4.9.1 Clock Source 4.9.2 E1/T1 Parameter 4.9.3 Port Number 4.9.4 Codec Group	36 37 39 41 41 44 48 49 49 51 52 52
4.7.2 SS7 Trunk 4.7.3 SS7 MTP Link 4.7.4 SS7 CIC 4.7.5 SS7 Link Set 4.7.6 SS7 CIC Maintain 4.8 R2 Config 4.8.1 R2 Param 4.8.2 R2 Trunk 4.8.3 R2 Setting 4.9 PSTN Group Config 4.9.1 Clock Source 4.9.2 E1/T1 Parameter 4.9.3 Port Number 4.9.4 Codec Group 4.9.5 Dial Plan	
4.7.2 SS7 Trunk 4.7.3 SS7 MTP Link 4.7.4 SS7 CIC 4.7.5 SS7 Link Set 4.7.6 SS7 CIC Maintain 4.8 R2 Config 4.8.1 R2 Param 4.8.2 R2 Trunk 4.8.3 R2 Setting 4.9 PSTN Group Config 4.9.1 Clock Source 4.9.2 E1/T1 Parameter 4.9.3 Port Number 4.9.4 Codec Group 4.9.5 Dial Plan 4.9.6 Dial Timeout	36 37 39 41 41 44 48 49 51 52 52 55 56
4.7.2 SS7 Trunk 4.7.3 SS7 MTP Link 4.7.4 SS7 CIC 4.7.5 SS7 Link Set 4.7.6 SS7 CIC Maintain 4.8 R2 Config 4.8.1 R2 Param 4.8.2 R2 Trunk 4.8.3 R2 Setting 4.9 PSTN Group Config 4.9.1 Clock Source 4.9.2 E1/T1 Parameter 4.9.3 Port Number 4.9.4 Codec Group 4.9.5 Dial Plan 4.9.6 Dial Timeout 4.9.7 Srtp Param	
4.7.2 SS7 Trunk 4.7.3 SS7 MTP Link 4.7.4 SS7 CIC 4.7.5 SS7 Link Set 4.7.6 SS7 CIC Maintain 4.8 R2 Config 4.8.1 R2 Param 4.8.2 R2 Trunk 4.8.3 R2 Setting 4.9 PSTN Group Config 4.9.1 Clock Source 4.9.2 E1/T1 Parameter 4.9.3 Port Number 4.9.4 Codec Group 4.9.5 Dial Plan 4.9.6 Dial Timeout 4.9.7 Srtp Param 4.9.8 PSTN Cause Mapping	
4.7.2 SS7 Trunk 4.7.3 SS7 MTP Link 4.7.4 SS7 CIC 4.7.5 SS7 Link Set 4.7.6 SS7 CIC Maintain 4.8 R2 Config 4.8.1 R2 Param 4.8.2 R2 Trunk 4.8.3 R2 Setting 4.9 PSTN Group Config 4.9.1 Clock Source 4.9.2 E1/T1 Parameter 4.9.3 Port Number 4.9.4 Codec Group 4.9.5 Dial Plan 4.9.6 Dial Timeout 4.9.7 Srtp Param 4.9.8 PSTN Cause Mapping 4.9.9 PSTN Profile	



4.10.1 SIP Parameter	62
4.10.2 SIP Trunk	65
4.10.3 SIP Account	72
4.10.4 SIP DNS	74
4.10.5 SIP RED Group	74
4.11 IP Group Config	75
4.11.1 IP Profile	
4.11.2 IP Group	77
4.11.3 IP Group Management	78
4.12 Number Filter	78
4.12.1 Procedures to add a number on the Caller White List	79
4.12.2 Caller Pool	80
4.12.3 Number Bound TsNo	80
4.12.4 Filter Profile	81
4.13 Call Routing	82
4.13.1 Routing Parameter	82
4.13.2 PSTN -> IP Routing	82
4.13.3 PSTN -> PSTN Routing	84
4.13.4 IP -> PSTN Routing	85
4.14 Number Manipulation	86
4.14.1 PSTN -> IP Callee	86
4.14.2 PSTN -> IP Caller	88
4.14.3 PSTN -> PSTN Callee	90
4.14.4 PSTN -> PSTN Caller	91
4.14.5 IP -> PSTN Callee	93
4.14.6 IP -> PSTN Caller	95
4.15 Voice & Fax	96
4.16 Maintenance	99
4.16.1 Ping Test	100
4.16.2 Tracert Test	100
4.16.3 Signaling Call Test	101
4.16.4 Network Capture	102
4.16.5 Debug Command	103
4.17 Management	103
4.17.1 Management Parameter	104
4.17.2 Dual MCU Card Parameter	107
4.17.3 Server Parameter	108
4.17.4 Cloud Server	110
4.17.5 NMS Server	110
4.17.6 Mail Server	111
4.17.7 SNMP Parameter	112
4.17.8 Radius Parameter	114
4.17.9 Remote Server	116
4 17 10 Data Download	116



4.17.11 Data Restore	117
4.17.12 License Management	118
4.17.13 Version Information	118
4.17.14 Firmware Upload	119
4.17.15 User Account Management	122
4.17.16 User Group Management	122
4.17.17 Password Modification	124
4.17.18 Auto Reset	124
4.17.19 Device Restart	124
5 Abbreviation	126
6 Commands	127
6.1 Commands under en Mode	127
6.1.1 Login Command	127
6.1.2 Query IP Address	127
6.1.3 Query Statistics about DTU	127
6.1.4 Query DSP Information	128
6.1.5 Query CPU Performance	128
6.1.6 Query SS7 Trunk Status	128
6.1.7 Query SS7 Link Statistics	129
6.1.8 Query SS7 Call Statistics	129
6.1.9 Query SS7 Errors	129
6.1.10 Query PRI Trunk Status	129
6.1.11 Query PRI Link Statistics	
6.1.12 Query PRI Call Statistics	130
6.1.13 Query Packet Statistics of HDLC Channel and Related Error Codes	130
6.1.14 Query Status of E1 Port	
6.1.15 Query Statistics of All Call	
6.2 Commands under config Mode	131
6.2.1 Login Commands	131
6.2.2 Other Commands	
6.3 Commands under ada Mode	132
631 Login Commands	122



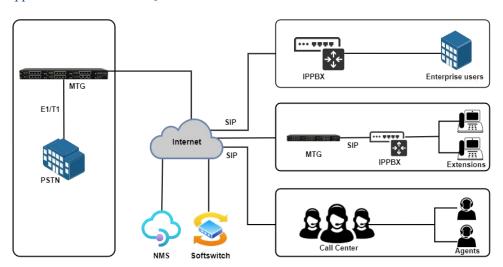
1 Product Description

1.1 Overview

EQ-64E1 is a new-generation of intelligent trunk gateway designed by Equiinet to meet the business needs of call centers or large enterprises. Based on a maintainable, manageable, and operational design concept, EQ-64E1 can achieve translation between traditional signaling SS7, PRI, R2 and SIP protocols, and provide signaling encryption and voice recognition technology, which not only ensures the voice quality but also improves the efficiency of resource usage. In addition, it integrates enhanced functions such as IP voice, IP fax, and Modem to provide users with a flexible, efficient, and future-oriented communication network.

1.2 Application Scenario

The application scenario of EQ-64E1 is shown as follow:



1.3 Product Appearance



Front View





Power Jack 1

Power Jack 2

Back View

1.3.1 Description of Ports and Indicators

Table 1-3-1 Description of Ports

Port	Description
PWR	Power jack: 100~240VAC, 50~60HZ
Port0-Port63	E1/T1 ports; support 4~64 E1 ports
CONTOLE	The console port used to carry out maintenance-related
CONSOLE	configurations, with a baud rate of 115200bps.
	The gigabit Ethernet port for services, which is used to transfer the
GE1	data transmission of signal or voice. Its default IP address is
	192.168.1.111, and default netmask is 255.255.255.0.
CEO	The gigabit Ethernet port for network management; its default IP
GE0	address is 192.168.11.1, and default netmask is 255.255.255.0.
RST	The button is used to restart EQ-64E1.



Table 1-3-2 Description of Indicator

Indicator	Definition	n Status Description				
	Power	On	Power supply is working as normal.			
PWR Indicator		Off	There is no power supply or power supplies down.			
		Slow	The device is initialized successfully and			
	Running	Flashing	running normally.			
RUN	Indicator	On	The system is initializing.			
		Off	The device is not running successfully.			
	E1/T1 E1/T1 Indicator	On	The E1/T1 port is connected successfully,			
		On	and can be used to receive or send data.			
E1/T1		Off	E1 line E1 is disconnected.			
		Flash	The E1/T1 port is connected falsely and			
		1 10011	there are bit errors.			
	LINK	Fast Flashing	The network connection is normal.			
	Indicator Off		The network is disconnected or the			
GE0/GE1	mulcator	OII	network connection is wrong.			
GEWGE1	SPEED	On	The network speed is 1000Mpbs			
	Indicator	Off	The network speed is lower than			
	mulcator	OII	1000Mpbs			

1.4 Functions and Features

> Key Features

- Carrier grade hardware design, 1+1 power supply and MCU, hot plug
- High-integrated structure, STM-1 155M (64*E1) in U3.5 size
- Provide various services such as VoIP, IP fax, Modem and POS;
- Support flexible dialing rules and operations, allowing users to customize dialing rules according to different working environments;
- Support multiple coding standards: G.711A/U, G.723.1, G.729A/B and iLBC, AMR;
- Support PRI/SS7/R2, SIP/IMS
- ISDN PRI 30B+D(E1), NT or TE can be configured ITU-T Q.921, ITU-T Q.931,
 Q.Sig
- SS7 ITU-T, ANSI, ITU-CHINA MTP1/MTP2/MTP3, TUP/ISUP
- E1 frame format type: DF, MF-CRC, MF



• T1 frame format type: F12/SF (R2 does not support), F24/ESF

Protocols Supported

- Standard SIP/ SIP-T /PRI/SS7/R2 protocol
- UDP/TCP/TLS
- Dynamic NAT
- Hypertext Transfer Protocol (HTTP) and Hypertext Transfer Security Protocol (HTTPS)
- ITU-T G.711A-Law/U-Law, G.723.1, G.729A/B, iLBC13k/15k, AMR
- Domain Name System (DNS)
- SIP, RFC3261, RFC3262
- SDP/SRTP, RFC4566, RFC3711
- RTP/RTCP, RFC3550, RFC3605, RFC1889
- SIP-T, RFC3372, RFC3204, RFC3398
- RFC3263, RFC3264, RFC3265, RFC3515, RFC2976, RFC3311

> System Functions

- Packet Loss Concealment (PLC)
- Voice Activity Detection (VAD)
- Comfort Noise Generation (CNG)
- Echo Cancellation
- Packet Loss Compensation
- Adaptive Jitter Buffer
- DTMF Modes: RFC2833, SIP INFO and INBAND
- T38/Pass-Through Fax over IP
- Configurations via HTTPS/SSH
- Upgrade Firmware via TFTP/Web

Software Features

- Local/Transparent Ring Back Tone
- Overlapping Dialing
- Dialing Rules, with up to 2000
- PSTN Group Based on E1 Port or E1 Timeslot



- Configuration of IP Trunk Group
- Voice Codec Group
- Caller/Called Number White List
- Caller/Called Number Black List
- Access Rule List
- IP Trunk Priority
- RTP and Signaling Encryption (VOS RC4)
- Voice Recording
- Radius
- SNMP v1/v2/v3
- NMS

> Hardware Specifications & Environment

- Power Supply: $100 \sim 240 \text{V AC}$, $50 \sim 60 \text{Hz}$
- Power Consumption: 125W
- Operating Temperature. $0 \, ^{\circ}\text{C} \, \sim 45 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}$
- Storage Temperature: -20 °C ~80 °C
- Humidity: 10%-90%, Non-Condensing
- Dimensions (W/D/H): $437 \times 345 \times 154$ mm (3.5U)
- Unit Weight: 12.8kg
- Compliance: CE and FCC



2 Quick Installation

2.1 Preparations before Installation

2.1.1 Attentions for Installation

The attentions for installing EQ-64E1 include:

- To guarantee EQ-64E1 works normally and to lengthen the service life of the device, the humidity of the equipment room where EQ-64E1 is installed should be maintained at 10%-90% (non-condensing), and temperature should be 0 $^{\circ}$ C $^{\circ}$ C;
- Ensure the equipment room is well-ventilated and clean;
- Power supply of EQ-64E1 should be 100 ~ 240V AC, and its socket is a three-pin socket which should be grounded well;
- It's suggested that personnel who has experience or who has received related training be responsible for installing and maintaining EQ-64E1;
- Please wear anti-static wrist strap when installing EQ-64E1;
- It's advised to adopt uninterruptible power supply.

2.1.2 Preparations about Installation Site

• Equipment Cabinet

Ensure the cabinet is well-ventilated and strong enough to bear the weight of EQ-64E1. It's required that the width of the shelf should be 19 inches.

• Trunk

Ensure telecom operator has approved to open a trunk.

IP Network

Ensure Ethernet PBX or router under IP network has been prepared, since EQ-64E1 is connected to the IP network through the standard 10/100/1000M Ethernet port.

Socket

Ensure the socket of EQ-64E1 is a three-pin socket, and power supply is grounded well.



2.1.3 Installation Tools

- Screwdriver
- Anti-static wrist strap
- Ethernet cables, power wires, telephone wires
- Hub, telephone set, fax, and PBX
- Terminal (can be a PC which is equipped with hyper terminal simulation software)

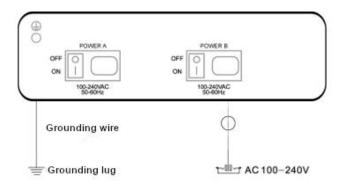
2.2 Installation of EQ-64E1

2.2.1 Put EQ-64E1 into Shelf

- 1. Use screws to fix a flank on the left and the right of EQ-64E1 respectively;
- 2. Put the EQ-64E1 device into the shelf horizontally;
- 3. Fix the flanks of EQ-64E1 on the cabinet by using screws.

2.2.2 Connect Grounding wire to EQ-64E1

Connect one end of the Grounding wire to the grounding lug on the back of EQ-64E1 and then connect the other end to the grounding bar of the shelf.



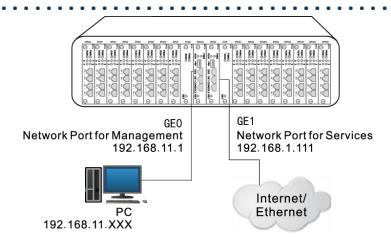
2.2.3 Connect EQ-64E1 to Ethernet

EQ-64E1 has two network ports, namely the gigabit Ethernet port for services (GE1) and the gigabit Ethernet port for network management (GE0). It is advised to connect GE1 to the IP network.

Both GE1 and GE0 can be used to carry out management on EQ-64E1, but only GE1 is put in use generally. GE0 is used when there is a need to separate the management on EQ-64E1 from the service processing of the EQ-64E1. As shown below:

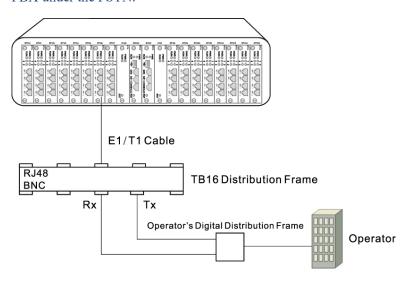
,

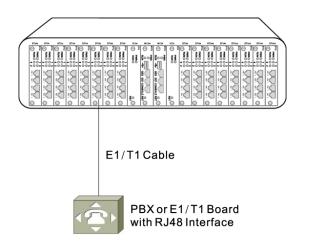




2.2.4 Connect EQ-64E1 to PSTN

Generally, a distribution frame needs to be used for the connection between EQ-64E1 and PSTN. Firstly, connect one end of E1 cable to one of the E1/T1 ports of EQ-64E1, and then connect other end to the E1 port of the distribution frame. Second, connect one end of the cable to the distribution frame, and then connect the other end to the exchanger or PBX under the PSTN.





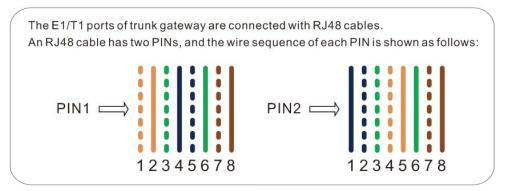


2.3 Cabling of E1/T1 Port

If there is a need to deploy multiple cables, it had better to make a mark on each cable and write down IP address and destination port in order to simplify the follow-up connection, debugging and maintenance.

2.3.1 How to make RJ-48 joint for E1/T1 Cable

- 1. Prepare a twisted-pair cable with a length of at least 0.6 meters, and then remove the shuck of the cable as follows:
- 2. Sequence the lines of the cable according to the following figure.



PIN1: orange & white, orange, green & white, blue, blue & white, green, brown & white, brown.

PIN2: blue, blue & white, green & white, orange & white, orange, green, brown & white, brown.

- 3. Put the lines into two pins of RJ-48 joint according to the above mentioned sequence of the lines.
- 4. Use a RJ-48 wire crimper to crimp the RJ-48 joint.



Note:

Generally, a RJ-48 cable will be provided together with the EQ-64E1 device, and users have no need to make RJ-48 joints by themselves.

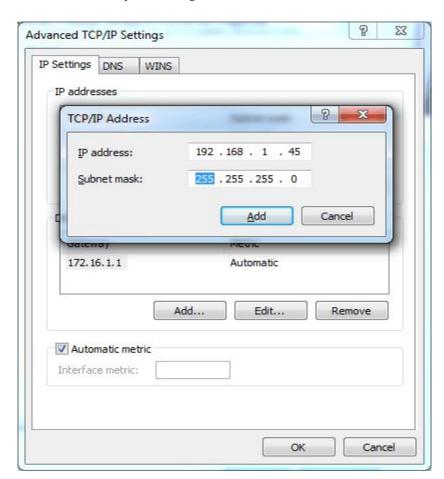


3 Basic Operation

3.1 Configuration of IP Address

The default IP address of GE1 is 192.168.1.111, while that of GE0 is 192.168.11.1. When GE1 is in use, it's required that the IP address of GE1 and the IP address of PC are at the same network segment.

- 1. Connect the GE1 port of EQ-64E1 to a PC by using a network cable.
- 2. Open the TCP/IP Settings interface, click **Advanced**, and then click **Add** to add an IP whose format is 192.168.1.XXX. Or you can open the Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) interface to modify an existing IP into 192.168.1.XXX.



3.2 Local Maintenance

To ensure easy maintenance, the EQ-64E1 trunk gateway provides a standard RJ45 console port, which has a Baud rate of 115200bps. Users can log in the EQ-64E1 to carry out maintenance-related configurations through the console port.



3.2.1 Example: Log in EQ-64E1 via Console Port

Step 1: Prepare a serial cable.

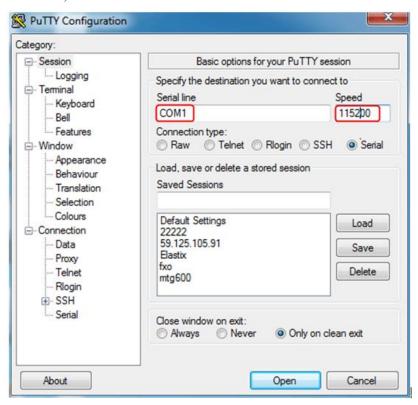


Step 2: Connect the F port of the serial cable to the COM port of PC.

If the PC does not have a COM port, please use a USB-to-COM converting line to connect the serial cable to the PC.

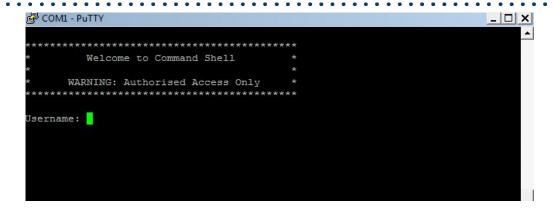
- Step 3: Connect the M port of the serial cable to the console port of EQ-64E1
- Step 4: Conduct configurations on login software.

Herein we take the PuTTY as an example. Detailed configurations are as follows (COM1 is an example. Please enter correct serial line according to actual conditions.)



After finishing the above configuration, click the Open button to enter the following interface.





Enter username and password, which are the same with the username and password of the Web of EQ-64E1. And then you will see a Linux platform where you can carry out maintenance-related configurations.

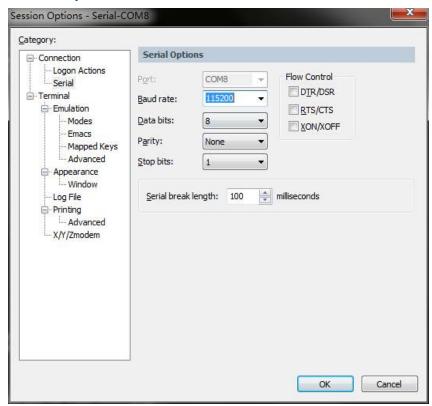
Note:

For commands to query EQ-64E1 information, make reference to Chapter 6.

3.3 Query IP

If you have changed the default IP address of GE1 or GE0 to a new IP address but forget it, you can carry out the following procedures to query the IP address.

- 1. Use a serial line to connect the console port of EQ-64E1 with a PC;
- 2. Modify the baud rate to 115200;



3. Click OK, and then enter 'ifconfig', and the IP address of GE1 or GE0 of EQ-64E1 will be displayed.



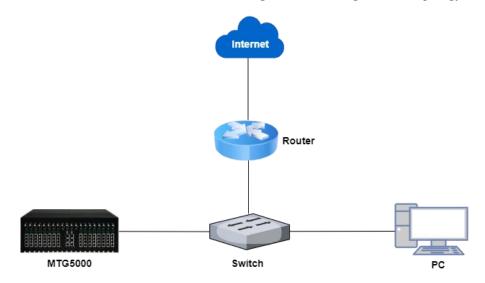


4 Configurations on Web Interface

4.1 How to Log in Web Interface

4.1.1 Network Connection

Connect EQ-64E1 to the network according to the following network topology:



4.1.2 Preparations for Login

Modify the IP address of the PC to make it at the same network segment with the IP address of GE1 port of EQ-64E1. The format of PC IP is 192.168.1.XXX, since the default IP of GE1 port is 192.168.1.111.

Check the connectivity between the PC and the EQ-64E1. Click **Start-> Run** of PC and enter cmd to execute 'ping 192.168.1.111' to check whether the IP address of the EQ-64E1 runs normally.

4.1.3 Log in Web Interface

Open a web browser and enter the IP address of GE0 of EQ-64E1 (the default IP is 192.168.11.1). Then the login GUI will be displayed. Enter the correct username and password. By default, username and password are as below:

User Name: admin

Password: admin@123#

It is suggested that you should modify the username and password for security consideration on the **Maintenance** -> **Password Modification** interface.

Login GUI:



Username
Password

Login

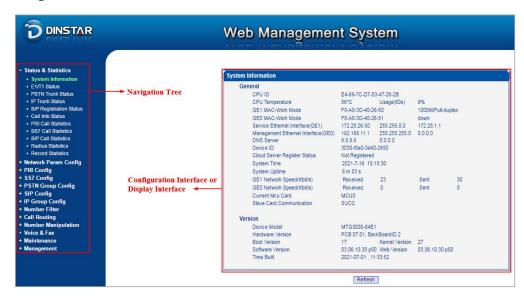
Password Modification Interface:



4.2 Introduction to Web Interface

The Web Interface of the EQ-64E1 consists of the navigation tree and detailed configuration interfaces.

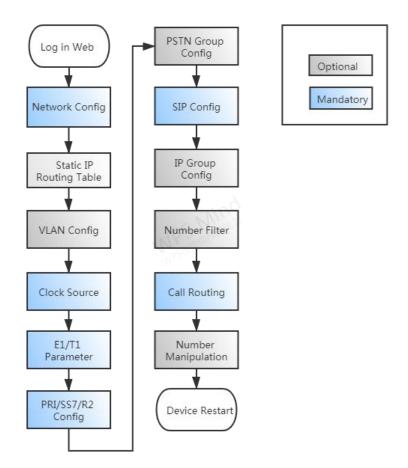
Click a node of the navigation tree, and you will see a detailed display interface or configuration interface:





4.3 Configuration Flows

The following is the configuration flows of EQ-64E1:





4.4 Status & Statistics

This interface menu displays all the main operating information related to the EQ gateway, including system information, DTU status, physical connection status, PRI/SS7/R2 signaling status, SIP registration status, other call statuses and other call statistics. This menu bar allows users to get most of the operating information of the EQ device. Through this information, users can access relevant statistics and basic EQ operation data.

Note: Depending on the different models, the information displayed in this interface and submenus may be different. If you have any questions, please contact the official technical staff.

4.4.1 System Information

Click **Status & Statistics** -> **System Information** in the navigation tree on the left, and the following interface will be displayed. On the interface, information about the system, such as Mac address, CPU usage, hardware version and software version, are shown.

General				
CPU ID	E4-69-7C-D7-5	3-47-26-2B		
CPU Temperature	56°C	Usage(60s)	9%	
GE1 MAC-Work Mode	F8-A0-3D-40-2	6-50	1000M/Full-dupl	lex
GE0 MAC-Work Mode	F8-A0-3D-40-2	6-51	down	
Service Ethernet Interface(GE1)	172.28.26.50	255.255.0.0	172.28.1.1	
Management Ethernet Interface(GE0)	192.168.11.1	255.255.255.0	0.0.0.0	
DNS Server	8.8.8.8	0.0.0.0		
Device ID	3030-f8a0-3d40	0-2650		
Cloud Server Register Status	Not Registered			
System Time	2021-7-16 15:	15:30		
System Uptime	8 m 53 s			
GE1 Network Speed(Kbit/s)	Received	23	Sent	30
GE0 Network Speed(Kbit/s)	Received	0	Sent	0
Current Mcu Card	MCU0			
Slave Card Communication	SUCC			
/ersion				
Device Model	MTG5000-64E	1		
Hardware Version	PCB 07.01, Ba	ckBoardID 2		
Boot Version	17	Kernel Version	27	
Software Version	03.06.10.30 p5	0 Web Version	03.06.10.30 p50)
Time Built	2021-07-01 . 11	1:33:52		

17



Belong to Parameter Explanation CPU ID CPU ID number of the device **CPU** Temperature CPU real-time temperature Usage(60s) The CPU usage within 60s GE1 MAC-Work The MAC address of GE1 and the network port Mode work mode between the device and the switch. GE0 MAC-Work The MAC address of GE0 and the network port Mode work mode between the device and the switch. Service Ethernet IP address, subnet mask, gateway of the Service Interface (GE1) **Ethernet Interface** Management Ethernet IP address, subnet mask, gateway of the Interface (GE0) Management Ethernet Interface **DNS Server** IP address of the DNS server Device ID Device serial number, automatically generated by MAC address Cloud Server Register If the cloud server is configured and registered General Status successfully, it shows registered, otherwise it shows not registered. System Time Current time (the time will be displayed correctly only after successful synchronization of the NTP System Uptime Continuous operating time of the equipment since start-up Display the type of license, official/trial License GE1 Network Speed The current receive/send rate of the network port (Kbit/s) GE0 Network Speed The current receive/send rate of the network port (kbit's) Current MCU Card Display the current main control unit slot Slave Card Display the connection status of the master and Communication slave boards Device Model Display the model of the equipment Hardware Version Display the hardware version of the device **Boot Version** Display the boot version in DMS Kernel Version Display the kernel version in DMS Version Software Version Display the software version of the running device Web Version Display the version of the device's WEB interface Time Built Display the compilation time of the current software version



4.4.2 DTU Status

Click **Status & Statistics** -> **DTU Status** in the navigation tree, and the information of DTU card and DTU channel are displayed.

DTU No.	Link Status	DSP	Status	License	Temperature	DSP	Status	License	Temperature
DTU 0	Active	0	Success	256	28°C	1	Success	256	28°C
DTU 1	Active	2	Success	256	37°C	3	Success	256	35°C
DTU 2	Active	4	Success	256	36°C	5	Success	256	34°C
DTU 3	Active	6	Success	256	35°C	7	Success	256	37°C
DTU 4	Active	8	Success	256	40°C	9	Success	256	39°C
DTU 5	Active	10	Success	256	44°C	11	Success	256	44°C
DTU 6	Active	12	Success	256	34°C	13	Success	256	35°C
DTU 7	Active	14	Success	256	44°C	15	Success	240	43°C
DTU 8	Active	16	Success	256	35°C	17	Success	256	35°C
DTU 9	Active	18	Success	256	36°C	19	Success	256	35°C
DTU 10	Active	20	Success	256	39°C	21	Success	256	39°C
DTU 11	Active	22	Success	256	40°C	23	Success	256	39°C
DTU 12	Active	24	Success	256	38°C	25	Success	256	40°C
DTU 13	Active	26	Success	256	37°C	27	Success	256	38°C
DTU 14	UnConnected	28	Fault	(5,75		29	Fault	10.57	(177 8)
DTU 15	UnConnected	30	Fault			31	Fault		

Parameter	Explanation
DTU No.	The slot number of User board.
Link Status	The link status of DTU and MCU.
DSP	The number of DSP.
Status	The status of DSP.
License	The number of authorized ports for the DSP.
Temperature	The temperature of DTU.

Channel Inform	nation				
DTU No.	Active	Book	Idle	DspCap	Port Range
DTU 0	4	0	124	5708	6144-6656
DTU 1	4	0	124	5708	6656-7168
DTU 2	4	0	124	5708	7168-7680
DTU 3	4	0	124	5708	7680-8192
DTU 4	4	0	124	5708	8192-8704
DTU 5	4	0	124	5708	8704-9216
DTU 6	4	0	124	5708	9216-9728
DTU 7	4	0	124	5708	9728-10240
DTU 8	4	0	124	5708	10240-10752
DTU 9	4	0	124	5708	10752-11264
DTU 10	4	0	124	5708	11264-11776
DTU 11	4	0	124	5708	11776-12288
DTU 12	4	0	124	5708	12288-12800
DTU 13	4	0	124	5708	12800-13312

Parameter	Explanation
DTU No.	The slot number of User board.



Active The number of transcoding pairs allocated.

Book The number of pre-allocated transcoding pairs.

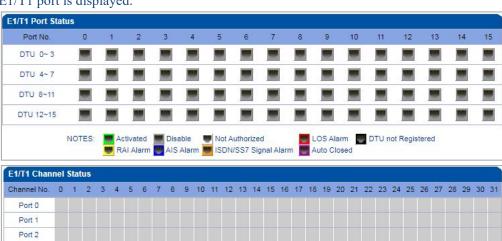
Idle The number of free transcoding pairs.

DspCap Remaining DSP capability.

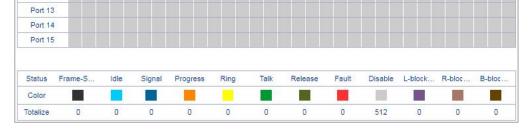
Port Range RTP port range for each user board.

4.4.3 E1/T1 Status

Click **Status & Statistics** -> **E1/T1 Status** in the navigation tree, and the status of each E1/T1 port is displayed.









Belong to Parameter Explanation Both physical connection and signal Actived connection of the E1/T1 port are normal, and the port is activated. Disable The E1/T1 port is not used. Alarm for loss of signal. If the LOS LOS Alarm alarm is raised, please check physical network connection. Status of RAI (Remote Alarm Indication) is an E1/T1 Port alarm for lost of remote signal. The RAI Alarm alarm is sent by the remote device and received by EQ-64E1. AIS (Alarm Indication Signal) is an alarm raised by EQ-64E1, indicating AIS Alarm the peer device malfunctions, or signal/physical connections are abnormal. This alarm means physical connection ISDN/SS7 Signal Alarm is normal while signal connection is abnormal. Frame-Sync Frame synchronization The channel is available, and related Idle cables are connected normally.(The channel is used to transmit voice) Signal The channel is used to transmit signal. The E1/T1 channel is being used by Busy voice. E1/T1 The channel is normal while cables are Channel Fault not successfully connected. Status The E1/T1 trunk is not used. Disable The E1/T1 channel is blocked at local L-blocked end, but not blocked at remote end. The E1/T1 channel is blocked at remote R-blocked end, but not blocked at local end. The E1/T1 is blocked at both local end **B-block** and remote end.



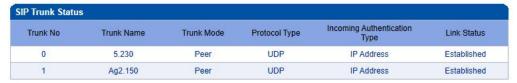
4.4.4 PSTN Trunk Status

On the **PSTN Trunk Stat**us interface, the statuses of PRI/SS7 trunks are displayed. The PRI/SS7 trunks under PSTN need to be established at the **PRI Config** -> **PRI Trunk** interface or the **SS7 Config** -> **SS7 Trunk** interface first.



4.4.5 IP Trunk Status

On the **IP Trunk Status** interface, the statuses of SIP trunks are displayed. The SIP trunks need to be established at the **SIP Config** -> **SIP Trunk** interface first.



Parameter	Explanation
Trunk Name	This trunk name is the name used to register the SIP trunk. If the SIP trunk is not registered, the trunk name is displayed as "".
Trunk Mode	There are two trunk modes: peer (peer-to-peer) and access.
Incoming Authentication Type	Incoming calls can be authenticated through password or IP address.
Link Status	There are two link statuses: Established and Fault.

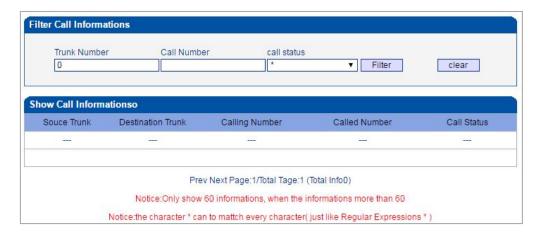


4.4.6 SIP Registration Status



Parameter	Explanation		
ID	The ID of the SIP account		
Account Name	Description of the SIP account, used to identify the account		
Trunk No.	The No. of the trunk bound to the SIP account		
Username	The username of the SIP account		
Max Calls	The maximum number of concurrent calls set for the SIP account		
Current Calls	The number of current calls that are using the SIP account		
Registration Status	There are three statuses, namely normal, fault and disabled. If the status is normal, it means the current SIP account has been registered successfully.		

4.4.7 Call Info Status





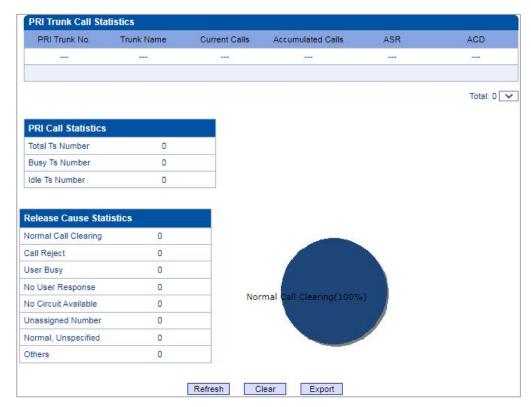
ParameterExplanationSource TrunkThe No. of the source SIP/PSTN trunk of the callDestination TrunkThe No. of the destination SIP/PSTN trunk of the callCalling NumberThe caller number of the callCalled NumberThe called number of the callCall StatusThe connection or disconnection status of the call, such as alerting, active and release

4.4.8 PRI Call Statistics

On the **PRI Call Statistics** interface, information about PRI calls and statistics about call release causes are displayed.

ASR (**Answer-seizure Ratio**): is a call success rate, which reflects the percentage of answered telephone calls with respect to the total call volume. ASR = answered call/total attempts of calls.

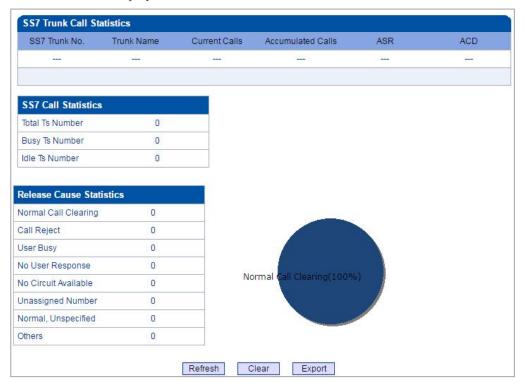
ACD (Average Call Duration): is a measurement in telecommunication, which reflects an average length of telephone calls transmitted on telecommunication networks. ACD = total call duration/total connected calls.





4.4.9 SS7 Call Statistics

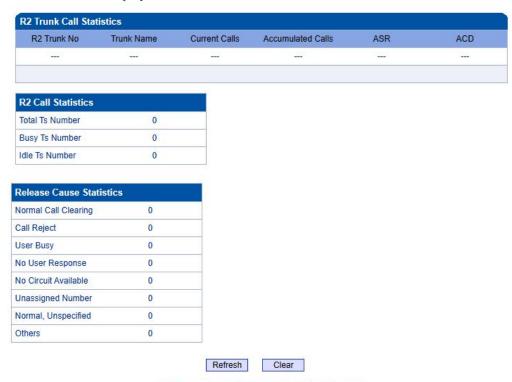
On the **SS7 Call Statistics** interface, information about SS7 calls and statistics about call release causes are displayed.





4.4.10 R2 Call Statistics

On the R2 Call Statistics interface, information about R2 calls and statistics about call release causes are displayed.

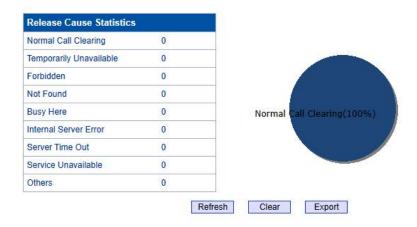


4.4.11 SIP Call Statistics

On the SIP Call Statistics interface, information about SIP calls and statistics about call release causes are displayed.

NOTE: When calls exist, Not allow to clear call stat!

Trunk No	Trunk Name	Current Calls	Accumulated Calls	ASR	ACD	InCaps
Hunk No.	Hully Maille	Current Cans	Accumulated Calls	AUIX	ACD	шсара
0	5.230	0	0	100%	0	
1	Ag2.150	0	0	100%	0	
	Total	0	0	1555	14 757 44	0





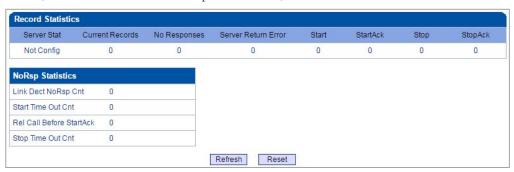
4.4.12 Radius Statistics

On the Radius Statistics interface, display information about the status of the master/slave server, sending request statistics, radius server non-response statistics, overload statistics, etc.



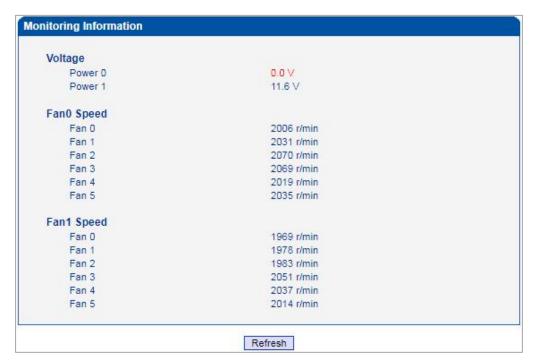
4.4.13 Record Statistics

On the Record Statistics interface, display information about the server status, the current number of recordings, the number of non-response recordings, the total of recordings started, and the statistics of non-response reasons, etc.



4.4.14 Monitoring Information

The power supply voltage and fan speed can be viewed in the monitoring information interface.



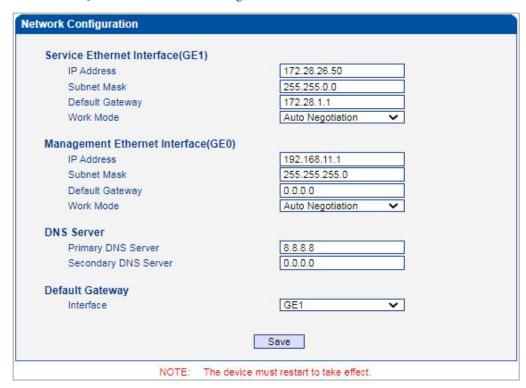


4.5 Network Parameter Config

This menu manages the necessary network configuration parameters for the device, including network configure, static IP routing table, ACL management settings, and VLAN configuration. This menu and its sub-menus can configure the IP addresses of the device's service and management ports, ACL security access and VLAN parameters. Because the access rights of the interface are involved, before implementing the above settings, users are required to confirm the rights of the service port and management port, as well as the ACL address and other necessary information to avoid the situation that the device cannot be accessed due to wrong configuration.

4.5.1 Network Config

Generally, it's necessary to modify the default IP address of GE1 according to actual network conditions, and then modify the IP address of PC to make it at the same network segment with the IP address of GE1. After completing the configurations, you need to restart the EQ-64E1 device for the changes to take effect.



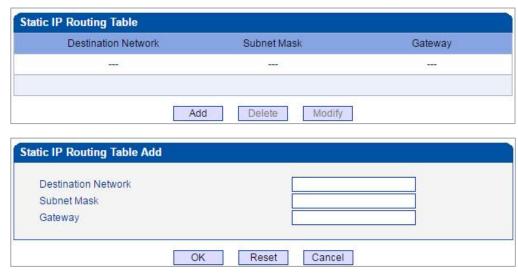


Belong to **Parameter Explanation** The IP address of GE1, default value is IP Address 192.168.1.111 Subnet Mask Subnet mask of GE1 **Default Gateway** The IP address of network gateway GE1 Port Include Auto Negotiation, 1000M/Full-Duplex, 100M/Full-Duplex, 100M/Half-Duplex. Work Mode Full-Duplex: Communication in both directions simultaneously. Half-Duplex: Communication only in one direction. The IP address of GE0, default value is IP Address 192.168.11.1 Subnet Mask Subnet mask of GE0 GEO Port **Default Gateway** The IP address of network gateway Work Mode Same with Work Mode of GE1 **Primary DNS** The IP address of the primary DNS server Server **DNS** Secondary DNS The IP address of the secondary DNS server. It is Sever optional to fill in. Default Configuration of the device's default gateway, user Interface can choose GE1/GE0. Gateway

Note:

The IP address of GE1 and that of GE0 cannot be at the same network segment.

4.5.2 Static IP Routing Table





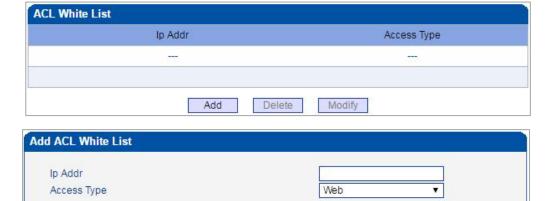
 Parameter
 Explanation

 Destination
 Reachable IP address or network segment address

 Network
 The address of subnet mask

 Gateway
 The address of gateway which is at the same network segment of the default gateway of the EQ-64E1 device

4.5.3 ACL White List



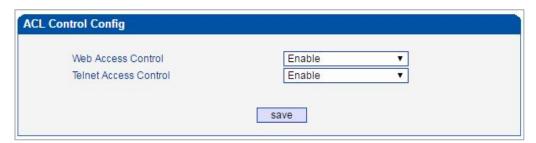
Parameter	Explanation
IP Address	The IP address that is to visit the EQ-64E1 device
Access Type	Choose web, telnet or web telnet

Reset

OK

Cancel

4.5.4 ACL Control Config



Parameter	Explanation		
	If this parameter is enabled, those IP addresses that are not on		
Web Access Control	the ACL whitelist cannot visit the EQ-64E1 device through		
	Web.		
Telnet Access	et Access If this parameter is enabled, those IP addresses that are not or		

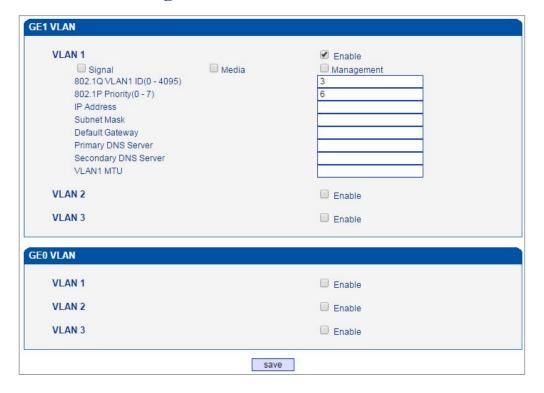


Control the ACL whitelist cannot visit the EQ-64E1 device through Telnet.

Note:

You need to disable Web access control and Telnet access control, otherwise, the EQ-64E1 device cannot be visited through Web or Telnet.

4.5.5 VLAN Config





Parameter	Explanation
802.1Q VLANx ID(0 - 4095)	The ID of VLAN of EQ-64E1
802.1P Priority (0 - 7)	The priority of sending data. The larger digit, the higher priority.
IP Address	The IP address of the EQ-64E1 device in the VLAN
Subnet Mask	The subnet mask address of the EQ-64E1 device in the VLAN
Default Gateway	The default gateway of the VLAN
Primary DNS Server	The IP address of a Primary DNS Server
Secondary DNS Server	The IP address of a secondary DNS Server
VLANx MTU	The maximum size of package allowed to access VLAN

Note:

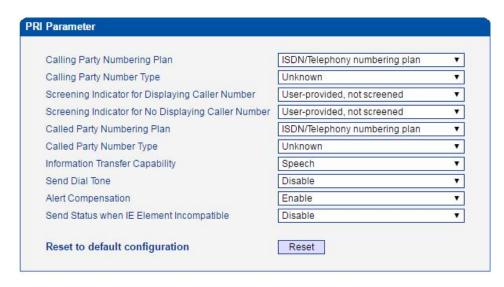
You need to restart the EQ-64E1 device after finishing the configurations of VLAN.

4.6 PRI Config

This menu manages the parameters related to the PRI. Before using the PRI, users need to check whether the parameters match those of the remote end. Incorrectly matched parameters can cause signaling or voice problems. The PRI parameters include the call number attribute settings and other transmission settings, as well as the PRI D-channel settings, protocol type and interface parameter attributes for each ports, which can cause signaling problems with PRI if the parameters are incorrectly set.

4.6.1 PRI Parameter

Configure PRI parameters according to actual data which are provided by telecom operators.





Parameter	Options
Calling Party Numbering	Include 'ISDN/Telephony Numbering Plan', 'Data Numbering Plan', 'Telex Numbering Plan', 'National
Plan	Standard Numbering Plan', 'Private Numbering Plan' and 'Unknown'.
	Include 'International Number', 'National Number',
Calling Party Number Type	'Network Specific Number', 'Subscriber Number', 'Abbreviated Number' and 'Unknown'.
G : I 1: 4 C	Include 'User-provided, not screened', 'User-provided,
Screening Indicator for Displaying Caller Number	verified and passed', 'User-provided, verified and failed', 'Network-provided'
Screening Indicator for No	Include 'User-provided, not screened', 'User-provided,
Displaying Caller Number	verified and passed', 'User-provided, verified and failed', 'Network-provided'
	Include 'ISDN/Telephony Numbering Plan', 'Data
Called Party Numbering	Numbering Plan', 'Telex Numbering Plan', 'National
Plan	Standard Numbering Plan', 'Private Numbering Plan'
	and 'Unknown'.
	Include 'International Number', 'National Number',
Called Party Number Type	'Network Specific Number', 'Subscriber Number',
	'Abbreviated Number' and 'Unknown'.
Information Transfer Capability	Include 'Speech' and '3.1 kHz audio'
	In the mode of Overlap Receiving, the setup message is
Send Dial Tone	received to reply to the setup ack message, and a dial
	tone is sent to the PSTN side to prompt the caller to dial
	the number
	When enabled, the device sends PROCEEDING and
Alert Compensation	ALERTING messages and then sends CONNECT
	messages When the EO receives on MT SETUP message but
	When the EQ receives an MT_SETUP message but some IE units have problems, the EQ sends an
Send Status when IE	MT STATUS message to the other side, and if the other
Element incompatible	side cannot process the MT STATUS message it will
	send an MT RELEASE message to release the call.



4.6.2 PRI Trunk

On the PRI Trunk interface, you can configure PRI trunks for PRI calls. The statuses of PRI Trunks can be seen at the Status & Statistics -> PSTN Trunk Status interface.

Click the Add button, and you can add a PRI trunk. If you want to delete or modify the information of a PRI trunk, select the checkbox on the left of the trunk, and then click the Delete button or the Modify button.



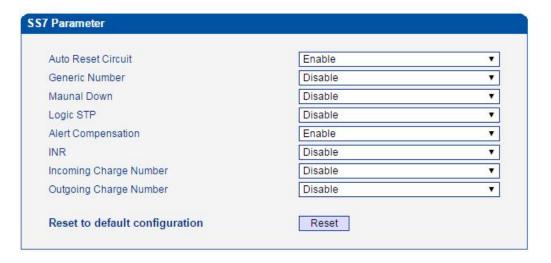
Parameter	Explanation
	Trunk No. starts from 0 to 19, it means you can establish 20 PRI
	trunks at most.
Trunk No.	The trunk No. is decided by the No. of the E1/T1 port linked to
Trunk No.	the trunk. But if D-channel is not enabled for a trunk, the No. of
	the trunk must be the same with a trunk under which D-channel
	has been enabled.
Trunk Name	The trunk name is used to distinguish the trunk from other trunks.
	The ID of the channel selected for the PRI trunk. The channel ID
Channel ID	is used for the switch to identify a PRI trunk in case that the
	Trunk No. of two trunks are the same.
D-Channel	The channel used to carry control information and signaling
(Delta Channel)	information
E1/T1 Port No.	The No. of E1/T1 port linked to the PRI trunk
Protocol	Support two protocols: ISDN and QSIG. Default value is ISDN.
Switch Side	The EI/T1 port of the PRI trunk is taken as User Side or Network
Switch Side	Side.
Alartina	Include Alerting and Progress
Alerting Indication	Alerting: Play ring-back tone when receiving alerting signal
Indication	Progress: Play ring-back tone when receiving progress signal



4.7 SS7 Config

This menu manages the necessary parameters related to SS7. If users are using SS7, they need to configure the parameters in this menu. Specific submenu parameter settings include SS7 Parameters, SS7 Trunk, SS7 MTP Link, SS7 CIC, SS7 Link Set, and SS7 CIC Maintain Before configuring the necessary SS7 parameters, users need to know the related SS7 trunk, SPC, OPC, DPC and other core parameters. A mismatch with the parameters of the remote device can lead to problems such as link signaling failure and other call problems.

4.7.1 SS7 Parameter





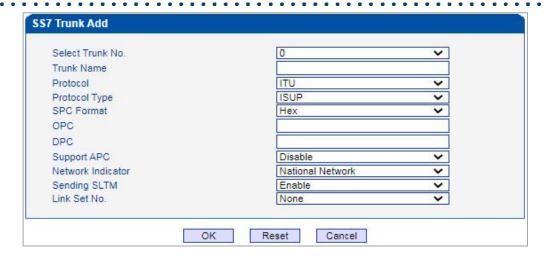
Parameter	Explanation
	The circuit reset/circuit group reset message is used to reset the
	circuit of both parties to the initial idle state; this message is
Auto Reset Circuit	related to the circuit, so you can use this message to check
	whether the other party is configured with the corresponding
	CIC.
	ISUP outgoing calls, when there is a forwarding/original called
Generic Number	number, the calling number is coded in the generic number, and
	the original called number is coded in the calling number field.
Manual Down	When enabled, the SS7 link will be in the Layer 2 link state, and
Manual Down	the port ISDN/SS7 signaling alarms.
	The SS7 signaling working mode is divided into direct link and
	quasi-direct link. The quasi-direct link means that the No. 7
Logic STP	signaling message is transmitted through two or more serial
	signaling links, and one or more STPs are passed in the middle.
	In the case of quasi-direct link, logical STP needs to be enabled.
	The device does not receive the 18X message, but directly
Alert Compensation	receives 200 OK. When the ringing compensation is enabled,
Alert Compensation	the device sends ACM to the PSTN side to compensate, and
	then sends ANM.
INR	When enabled, EQ sends INR after receiving IAM without
INK	calling number.
	ISUP+ANSI SS7 trunk, when the incoming charge number is
Incoming Charge	enabled, there will be a <i>charge number</i> field in the IAM
Number	message received, and the <i>P-Charge-Info</i> header will be carried
	in the <i>invite</i> message sent by the device.
	ISUP+ANSI SS7 trunk, when the outgoing charge number is
Outgoing Charge	enabled, the received invite message will come with the
Number	P-Charge-Info header ,and the IAM message sent by the device
	will come with the <i>charge number</i> field.

4.7.2 SS7 Trunk

On the **SS7 Config** -> **SS7 Trunk** interface, you can configure SS7 trunks for SS7 calls. The status of SS7 Trunks can be seen at the **Status & Statistics** -> **PSTN Trunk Status** interface.







Parameter	Explanation
Trunk No.	The No. of the SS7 trunk. Generally, one SS7 trunk is for one DPC.
Trunk Name	The trunk name is used to distinguish the trunk from other trunks.
Protocol	SPC types: ITU-T (14 bit), ANSI (24 bit), ITU-CHINA (24 bit) SPC: Signaling Point Code
Protocol Type	ISUP (ISDN User Part) and TUP (Telephone User Part)
SPC Format	SPC: Signaling Point Code SPC format includes Hex (Hexadecimal system) and ITU point code structure (decimal system)
OPC	OPC: Original Point Code The signaling point code of EQ-64E1, which is generally assigned by telecom operators.
DPC	DPC: Destination Point Code The signaling point code of the peer device, which is generally assigned by telecom operators.
Network Indicator	Include International Network, International Spare, National Network and National Spare. Default value is National Network, which is mainly used in China, America, and Japan.
Sending SLTM	Whether to send signaling link test message.
Link Set No.	The SS7 link set bundled with the SS7 trunk.

4.7.3 SS7 MTP Link

On the SS7 Config -> SS7 MTP Link interface, click the Add button, and you will see the following interface. On the interface, you can select an E1/T1 port for an existing trunk and establish two links between them.



	25	
0.	NaN	
unk No.		~
nk No.	0	~
gnaling Link Code		
1/T1 Port No.		~
hannel No.	16	
aller Type	Not Configured	~
allee Type	Not Configured	~
rgCallee Type	Not Configured	~
umbering Plan	ISDN	~
alling Presentation	Allowed	~
creening indicator	User Provided	~
alled Stop sending	Disable	~
alling Stop sending	Disable	~
nk Mode	Default	~
inding Slave TG	None	~

Parameter	Explanation
No.	
Trunk No.	The No. of the SS7 trunk
Link No.	Each SS7 trunk supports two links which share the loading equally. If one link malfunctions, the other link will automatically bear all the loading until the faulty link is restored.
Signaling Link Code	If the Link No. of the trunk cannot match with that of the peer device, the SS7 trunk will be linked to the peer device according to signaling link code.
E1/T1 Port No.	The No. of E1/T1 port linked to the SS7 trunk
Channel No.	The No. of the channel under which signal is transmitted. Default value is 16.
Caller Type	The type of the caller number. Options include 'Not Configured', 'Subscriber', 'International" and "National'.
Callee Type	The type of the called number. Options include 'Not Configured', 'Subscriber', 'International" and 'National'.
OrgCallee Type	The type of the original called number in case of number manipulation. Options include 'Not Configured', 'Subscriber', 'International' and 'National'.
Numbering Plan	Options include 'ISDN', 'Data', 'Telex' and 'Private'.
Calling Presentation	If 'Allowed' is selected, the calling number will be presented. If 'Restricted' is selected, the calling number will not be presented. If 'Not Config' is selected, the parameter does not work.



Screening Indicator	Options include "User Provided" and "Network Provided".
Called Stop sending	'Stop Sending' is an end mark. If 'Yes' is selected for 'Called Stop Sending', it means there will be an end mark following the called number.
Calling Stop Sending	'Stop Sending' is an end mark. If 'Yes' is selected for 'Calling Stop Sending', it means there will be an end mark following the calling number.
Link Mode	Default/Logical only, logical only means quasi-direct connection
Binding Slave TG	When SS7 master-slave TG is enabled, the slave TG needs to bind the shared TG number.

4.7.4 SS7 CIC

On the SS7 Config -> SS7 CIC interface, click the Add button, and you will see the following interface. You can determine which channels will be used by an SS7 trunk on the interface.

Procedures for adding SS7circuit that only involves an E1/T1 port:

Step 1: Click Add on the SS7 CIC interface.

Step 2: Select a trunk and an E1/T1 port. (Trunk 0 and Port 1 are taken as example in the following figure



Note:

As there are 32 channels (from 0 to 31) for one E1/T1 port, so the value for **Count** is 32. When start E1/T1 port is the same with end E1/T1 port, it means only one E1/T1 port is connected to the SS7 trunk.

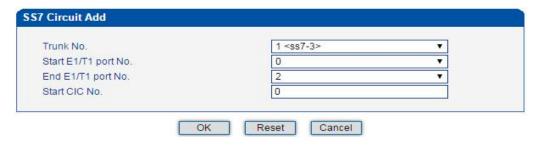


Parameter Explanation Trunk No. The No. of the SS7 trunk Start E1/T1 Port No. The No. of the start E1/T1 port End E1/T1 Port No. The No. of the end E1/T1 port When the start E1/T1 port is also the end E1/T1 port, it's required to set the start channel, and the channels starting from Start Channel the set channel to the No.31 channel of the E1/T1 port will be used by the SS7 trunk. CIC: Circuit Identification Code Start CIC No. The CIC No. of the start channel, which is generally 0, 32, 64, 96, 128, 160, 192, 224, 256, 288, 320, 352, 384, 416, 448... The total number of the channels used by the SS7 trunk Count

Step3: Click OK. And then you can see the following data on the SS7 CIC interface.



- ➤ Procedures for adding SS7circuit that involves multiple E1/T1 ports:
- Step 1: Click Add on the SS7 CIC interface.
- **Step 2:** Select a trunk and E1/T1 ports. (Trunk 1, Port 0, Port1 and Port 2 are taken as example in the following figure.



Note:

If multiple E1/T1 ports are involved, it defaults that all the 32 channels of each E1/T1 port involved are used by the SS7 trunk.

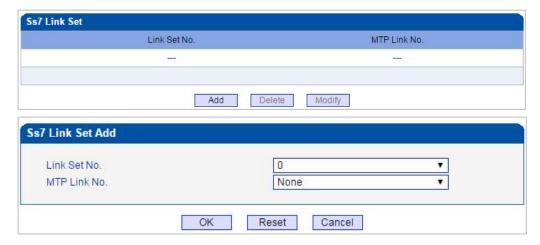
Step3: Click OK. And then you can see the following data on the SS7 CIC interface.





4.7.5 SS7 Link Set

Two signaling points (SSP, SCP and STP) are connected by a MTP link or links. Those links can be grouped into a set. In a link set, the first MTP link has the highest priority. When the first MTP link is faulty, the next link in the set will be chosen.



Parameter	Explanation
Link Set No.	The No. of the SS7 link set. There are 8 link set allowed (from 0 to
Link Set No.	7).
MTP Link No.	The No. of MTP link that has been configured.

4.7.6 SS7 CIC Maintain

There are two objects to be maintained for SS7 CIC, namely E1/T1 ports and channels. Select E1/T1 on the right of Operation Mode, and the following interface will be displayed.





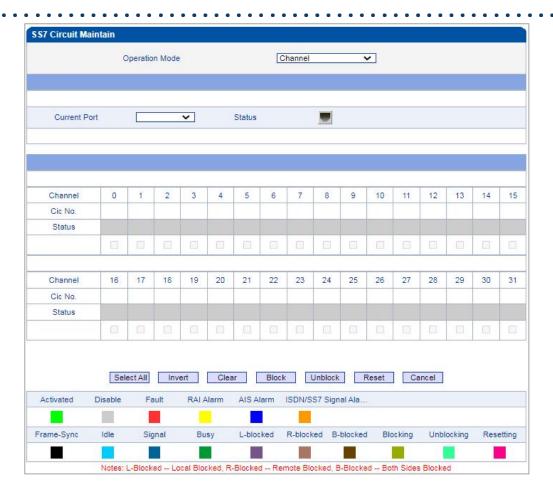
Parameters	Explanation
Operation Mode	E1/T1
Port	The No. of E1/T1 port
Protocol Type	ISUP or TUP
DTU	The No. of DTU which the E1/T1 ports belong to
	The E1/T1 ports have 16 statuses, including Activated, Disabled,
	Fault, RAI Alarm, AIS Alarm, ISDN/SS7 Signal Alarm,
Status	Frame-Sync, Idle, Signal, Busy, L-block, R-blocked, B-blocked,
	Blocking, Unblocking and Resetting.
	The meaning of each status, please make reference to 4.4.3.

Meanwhile, you can carry out maintenance on the E1/T1 ports through the following buttons:

Select All, Invert, Clear, Block, Unblock, Reset and Cancel.

Select **Channel** on the right of **Operation Mode**, and then select an E1/T1 port, the channels of the E1/T1 port and their statuses are displayed.





Parameter	Explanation
Operation Mode	Channel
Current Port	The No. of the current E1/T1 port
Channel	The No. of channels
CIC No.	The CIC No. of channels
Status	The statuses of channels, including Activated, Disabled, Fault, RAI Alarm, AIS Alarm, ISDN/SS7 Signal Alarm, Frame-Sync, Idle, Signal, Busy, L-block, R-blocked, B-blocked, Blocking, Unblocking and Resetting.

Meanwhile, you can carry out maintenance on the channels of E1/T1 ports through the following buttons:

Select All, Invert, Clear, Block, Unblock, Reset and Cancel.

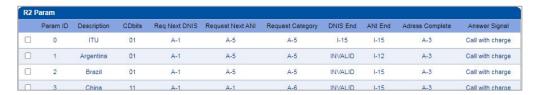


4.8 R2 Config

This menu manages the necessary parameters associated with R2. If the user uses R2, user needs to configure the relevant trunks and parameters in these sub-menus. The submenus include R2 parameters, R2 trunks and R2 settings. Users need to select the corresponding port and set the R2 parameters supported by the related operator. Mismatches between the set parameters and the remote parameters can cause signaling and calling problems.

4.8.1 R2 Param

This function is used to control the interaction of R2 trunk signaling in different countries. It mainly configures the parameters of Group I, Group II, Group A, Group B, and Group C.





Config Mode	Custom	~
Param ID	6	
Description	6	
CDbits	01	
	National subscriber	
Calling Party Category Answer tone		
Double Answer	Call with charge Disable	<u> </u>
	5000	
Seize Timer (ms) Protect Timer (ms)	300000	
	5000	
Receive Timer (ms)	3000	
Wait Response Timer (ms)		
MF Off Timer (ms)	3000	
Wait Release Timer (ms)		
Double Answer Timer (ms)	400	t e
Group I:		
DNIS end flag	I-15	~
ANI end flag	I-15	~
Caller number rescricted	I-12	~
	30.7	
Group II: National subscriber	II-1	
National priority subscriber	II-2	
International subscriber	II-7	<u> </u>
	II-9	<u> </u>
International priority subscriber Collect call	INVALID	<u> </u>
Collect call	INVALID	
Group A:		
Address Complete	A-3	~
Request next DNIS	A-1	~
Request next ANI	A-5	~
Request category	A-5	~
Request Change to Group C	INVALID	~
Request last DNIS but one	A-2	~
Request last DNIS but two	A-7	~
Request last DNIS but three	A-8	~
Request Last Digit Again	A-8	~
Repeat All DNIS Digit	A-8	~
	Av. 1	**
Group B:	D.E.	
Unallocated number	B-5	<u> </u>
User busy	B-3	
Special tone	B-2	
Line out of order	B-2	
Call without charge	B-6 B-6	
Call without charge	B-0	~
Group C (for Mexico):	0.4	0.014
Request Next ANI	C-1	~
Request All DNIS and change to Group A	C-2	
Address Complete	C-3	~
Network Congestion	C-4	
Request next DNIS and change back to Group A	C-5	~
Request Last DNIS and change back to	C-6	~
Group A		



Parameter	Explanation	
Config Mode	Options: typical and custom. All parameters can be configured in custom mode, and only part of the parameters of group I, group A, and group B can be configured in typical mode	
Param ID	Up to 100 R2 parameters can be configured	
CDbits	01 means other, 11 means china	
Calling Party Category In the signaling interaction, before sending the calling rafter receiving the request category, and after sending the calling, switching to group II will send the calling user category		
Answer tone	Call with charge/Call without charge/Special tone, switch to group B after number interaction and then send, can be configured in group B.	
Double Answer	When enabled, the called party picks up the phone and respond answer and then clear ack and then answers to continue. When disabled, respond answer, and then clear after the called party picks up the phone.	
Seize Timer(ms)	The default is 5000ms.	
Protect Timer (ms)	The default is 30,000 ms. A timeout timer when no response is received for an inter-register signaling sent during an inter-register signaling interaction.	
Receive Timer (ms)	The default is 5,000 ms. A timeout timer when no response is received for sending a request for the next bit of inter-register signaling and not received number during an inter-register signaling interaction.	
Wait Response Timer (ms)	The default is 5,000 ms.	
MF Off Timer (ms)	The default is 3000 ms. After the control device sends an inter-register signaling, no mutual control signal is received from the other side, and the current inter-register is stopped after the timeout, so that the PSTN side detects the signal until the signal ends.	
Wait Release Timer (ms)	The default is 5,000 ms.	
Double Answer	The default is 5,000 ms, the time interval between the two	
Timer (ms)	answer sent.	
Group I		
DNIS end flag	End flag after the called number has been sent	
ANI end flag	End flag after the calling number has been sent	
Caller number restricted	When an invite message without a caller's number is received, the callee will no longer request a caller's number, and the	

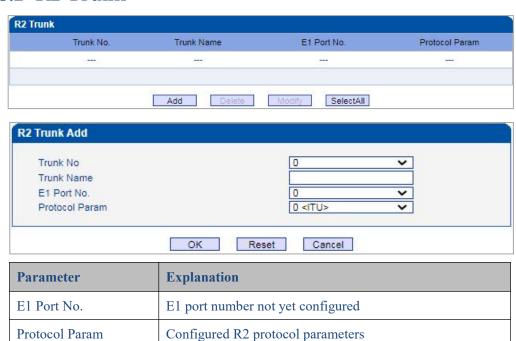


	caller will no longer send it.
Group II	
National subscriber	Configure the inter-register signaling sent by the calling party (whose type is national subscriber)
National priority subscriber	Configure the inter-register signaling sent by the calling party (whose type is national priority subscriber)
International subscriber	Configure the inter-register signaling sent by the calling party (whose type is international subscriber)
International priority subscriber	Configure the inter-register signaling sent by the calling party (whose type is international priority subscriber)
Collect call	Configure the inter-register signaling sent by the calling party (whose type is collect call)
Group A	
Address Complete	After sending the calling and called numbers, the called party sends the signaling request to group II
Request next DNIS	The called number sends the signaling to request the next called number before receiving the called number end flag
Request next ANI	The called party sends the signaling to request the next calling number before receiving the calling number end flag
Request Change to Group C	After the calling number is sent, the called party sends the signaling change to group C
Request last DNIS but one	Send a request to the last called number on the PSTN side
Request last DNIS but two	Send a request to the last two called numbers on the PSTN side
Request last DNIS but three	Send a request to the last three called numbers on the PSTN side
Request Last Digit Again	PSTN side requests the last number again
Repeat All DNIS Digit	PSTN side requests to repeat all called numbers
Group B	
Unallocated number	Send this signal to end the call when the called party responds with 404
User Busy	Send this signal to end the call when receiving the 486 from the called party
Special tone	Configure inter-register signaling for the line type of special tone
Line out of order	Send this signal to end the call when the line is abnormal
Call with charge	Configure inter-register signaling for the line type of call with charge



Configure inter-register signaling for the line type of call Call without charge without charge Group C (for Mexico) After switching to group C, the callee sends the signaling Request Next ANI request to the next called number Request All DNIS Request all called numbers and go to group A to send the and change to signaling Group A After sending the calling and called numbers, the called party Address Complete sends the signaling request to group II **Network Congestion** Send this signaling when there is network congestion Request next DNIS Request the previous called number and forward back to group and change back to A to send the signaling Group A Request Last DNIS Request the last called number and forward back to group A to and change back to send the signaling Group A

4.8.2 R2 Trunk





4.8.3 R2 Setting



Parameter	Explanation
MF Gain From PSTN	The gain of MF call in
MF Gain To PSTN	The gain of MF call out

4.9 PSTN Group Config

This menu manages the setting of configuration parameters related to PSTN group. When using this device, users need to configure some sub-menus in this interface menu first. The submenus include: clock source, E1/T1 parameters, port number, codec group, PSTN rule group and other related parameters. In general, users need to first confirm the clock source obtaining method, configure E1 or T1 parameters according to different country settings, set the corresponding ports and grouping rules, etc.

4.9.1 Clock Source

When clock source is produced by the local crystal chip of EQ-64E1, it is regarded as local clock source. When clock source is obtained from the data received by E1/T1 ports, it is regarded as remote clock source. Each E1/T1 port can obtain one clock source.



DTU0 Clock Source Mode	Remote C Local
Remote Clock Source Port	0
DTU1 Clock Source Mode	Remote Local
DTU2 Clock Source Mode	Remote C Local
Remote Clock Source Port	0
DTU3 Clock Source Mode	Remote C Local
Remote Clock Source Port	0
DTU4 Clock Source Mode	Remote O Local
Remote Clock Source Port	0
DTU5 Clock Source Mode	Remote O Local
Remote Clock Source Port	0
DTU6 Clock Source Mode	Remote O Local
Remote Clock Source Port	0
DTU7 Clock Source Mode	Remote O Local
Remote Clock Source Port	0
DTU8 Clock Source Mode	Remote O Local
Remote Clock Source Port	0
DTU9 Clock Source Mode	Remote C Local
Remote Clock Source Port	0
DTU10 Clock Source Mode	Remote C Local
Remote Clock Source Port	0
DTU11 Clock Source Mode	Remote O Local
Remote Clock Source Port	0
DTU12 Clock Source Mode	Remote C Local
Remote Clock Source Port	0
DTU13 Clock Source Mode	Remote C Local
Remote Clock Source Port	0
DTU14 Clock Source Mode	Remote C Local
Remote Clock Source Port	0
DTU15 Clock Source Mode	Remote C Local
Remote Clock Source Port	0

Parameter	Explanation	
Select Clock Source Mode	If Remote is selected, clock source is produced by crystal chip; if local is selected, clock source is obtained from the data received by E1/T1 port.	
Select Remote Clock The No. of the E1/T1 port from which clock source		
Source Port	obtained.	
Automatic Clock	Clock source is protected automatically indicates an internal	
Protect	clock source mechanism is enabled.	



4.9.2 E1/T1 Parameter

Select the checkbox on the left of an $\rm E1/T1$ port, and click the Modify button to modify $\rm E1/T1$ parameters.

Port No.	Work Mode	PCM Mode	Frame Format	Line Code	Line Built Out
0	E1	ALAW	DF	HDB3	Short Haul
1	E1	ALAW	DF	HDB3	Short Haul
2	E1	ALAW	DF	HDB3	Short Haul
3	E1	ALAW	DF	HDB3	Short Haul

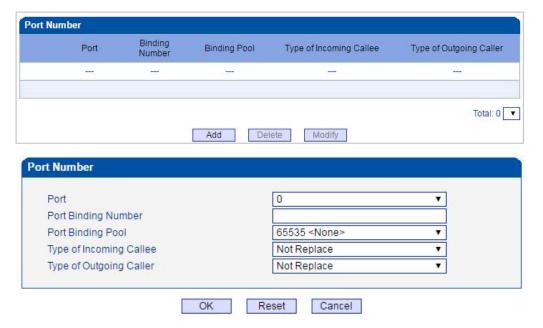
Total: 56 Page1 🕶



Parameter	Explanation	
Port No.	The No. of each E1/T1 port	
Work Mode	E1 or T1	
work Mode	If E1 is selected for one port, the work modes of all ports are E1.	
	PCMA(A LAW) or PCMU(Mu LAW)	
PCM Mode	If A LAW is selected for one port, the work modes of all ports are A	
r Civi Wiode	LAW.	
	PCMA usually uses in E1 mode while PCMU uses in T1 mode.	
	Frame formats of E1 port include DF, CRC-4, CRC4_ITU, and the	
Frame Format	default value is CRC-4;	
Traine Format	Frame formats of T1 port include F12, F4, ESF, F72, and the default	
	value is F4.	
	Line codes of E1 include NRZ, CMI, AMI, HDB3, and the default	
	value is HDB3;	
Line Code	Line codes of T1 include NRZ, CMI, AMI, B8ZS, and the default	
	value is B8ZS.	
Line Built-out	Short Haul (-10DB)	
Batch	If Disable is selected, E1/T1 parameter cannot be configured at batch;	
Configure	If Enable selected, E1/T1 parameter can be configured at batch;	



4.9.3 Port Number

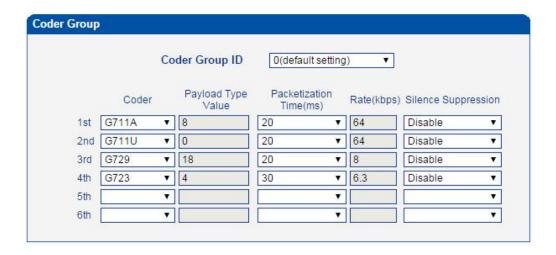


Parameter	Explanation	
Port No. of the E1/T1 Port		
Port Binding Number The telephone number bound to E1/T1 Port		
Port Binding Pool	The telephone number pool bound to E1/T1 Port. the	
	numbers will be chosen in an Incremental way.	
Type of incoming	There are three options, namely Replace/Not replace/Replace	
Callee	when empty, for PSTN->IP callee numbers.	
Type of outgoing	There are two options, namely Replace/Not replace, for	
Caller IP->PSTN caller numbers.		

4.9.4 Codec Group

On the Codec Group interface, you can group several voice Codecs together, so when one voice Codec is faulty, another voice Codec in the same group can be used. Except Codec group 0, the parameters of other Codec groups can be modified.





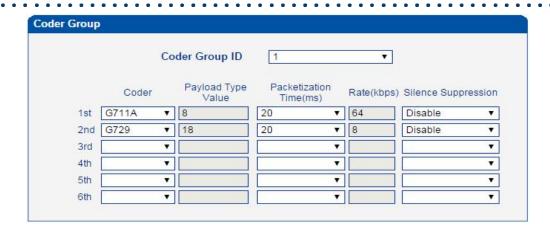
Parameter	Explanation	
Codec Group ID	ID of each Codec group for voice ability, from 0 to 7.	
•	The Codec group 0 is default setting which cannot be modified.	
Codec	EQ-64E1 supports three kinds of voice Codec: G711A, G711U,	
Codec	G729, G723, iLBC 13k and iLBC 15k.	
Payload Type	Each Codec has a unique payload type value (make reference to	
Value	RFC3551).	
Packetization	The minimum packetization time of voice Codec. For example, if	
Time (ms)	packetization time is 20ms, voice will be packetized every 30ms.	
Rate (kbps)	Transmission rate of voice	
	If silence suppression is enabled, the bandwidth occupied by	
Silence	voice transmission will be released automatically for the silence	
Suppression	party or when talking is paused.	
	Default value is 'Disable'.	

Example: How to configure preferred Codec group

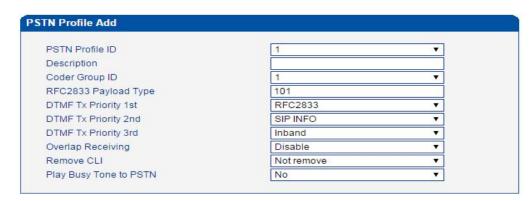
Step1: Enter the Codec Group interface and select Codec group ID 1 to create new Codec group

Step2: Select preferred voice Codec (G711A and G729) in this example, as below:



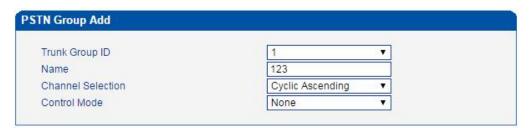


Step3: Enter the PSTN Profile interface, click Modify to modify the default PSTN profile and change the Codec group ID, or click Add to add a new PSTN profile.



Step4: Click OK to save the above configuration.

Step5: Enter the PSTN Group interface to establish a PSTN group



Step6: Enter the PSTN Group Management interface to associate the PSTN profile and PSTN group to an E1/T1 port or multiple E1/T1 ports.

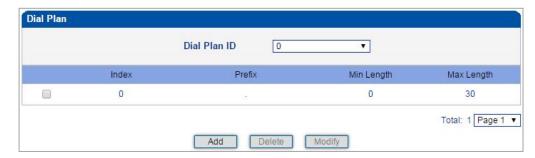


Step7: Click OK save the above configuration.



4.9.5 Dial Plan

Dial plan is used for the EQ-64E1 to identify how many digits that a received number includes. Dial rules can be divided into 5 groups with dial plan IDs. The setting in dial plan 0 is the default setting.



Click the Add button, and you can add a new dial plan in the following interface.



Parameter	Explanation
Dial Plan ID	The ID of the dial plan
Index	Each dial plan has a unique index. Greater index value, higher priority for the dial plan.
Prefix	The prefix matching received numbers, through which the EQ-64E1 can judge how many digits the received number includes.
Min Length	The minimum number of digits included in a telephone number (generally from 0 to 30). If the length of a received number falls within the range of between the set minimum length and the set maximum length, call connection will continue.
Max Length	The maximum number of digits included in a telephone number (generally from 0 to 30). If the length of a received number reaches the set maximum length, EQ-64E1 deems that all digits of the number have been received and will begin to analyze the telephone number, and if there are still digits being sent, EQ-64E1 will not receive them.

Note:

Dial plans can be backed up and restored at the Maintenance ->
 Data Backup interface and the Maintenance -> Data Restore interface respectively.



- 2. 'Min Length' and 'Max Length' does not include the length of prefix.
- For overlapping dialing, it'd better to set 'Min Length' and 'Max Length' to a same value in order to accelerate connection rate, since the length of the called number has been known.

4.9.6 Dial Timeout

On the Dial Timeout interface, you can set the maximum time for collecting prefix and the maximum time for telephone number to reach 'Min Length' and 'Max Length'.

The setting in Dial Timeout 0 is default setting, which can be modified but cannot be deleted.



Click the Add button to add a new dial timeout rule.

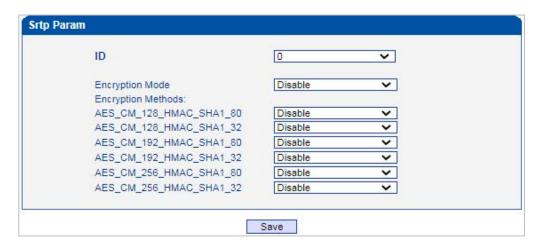


Parameter	Explanation	
Dial Timeout ID	The ID of the dial timeout	
Description	Description of the dial timeout	
Max Time for Collecting Prefix	The maximum time for receiving all the digits of a prefix	
Time to Reach Min Length (after Prefix)	After receiving the prefix, the maximum time before receiving the set minimum number of digits included in a telephone number.	
Time to Reach Max Length (after Min	After receiving the set minimum number of digits, the maximum time before receiving the set maximum number of	
Length)	digits included in a telephone number.	



4.9.7 Srtp Param

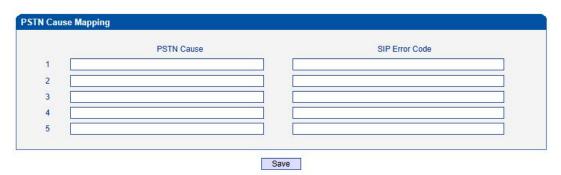
The SRTP Secure Real-time Transport Protocol, provides encryption, message authentication, integrity and replay protection for the real-time transport protocol data in unicast and multicast applications. It is used for encrypted transmission of media streams.



Parameter	Explanation	
ID	The number to identify SRTP rules	
Encryption Mode	Options: disable/adaptive/mandatory	
	The following encryption methods can be enabled and disabled individually:	
Encryption Methods	AES_CM_128_HMAC_SHA1_80/AES_CM_128_HMAC_SHA1_32/AES_CM_192_HMAC_SHA1_80/AES_CM_192_HMAC_SHA1_32/AES_CM_256_HMAC_SHA1_80/AES_CM_256_HMAC_S	
	HA1_32	

4.9.8 PSTN Cause Mapping

On the **PSTN Cause Mapping** interface, you can configure PSTN Cause Mapping and related parameters, such as PSTN Cause and SIP Error Code.





ParameterExplanationPSTN CauseCall failure reason value on the PSTN side, the range is
1-127.SIP Error CodeCall failure error code on the IP side, the range is 400-699.

4.9.9 PSTN Profile

On the **PSTN Profile** interface, you can configure PSTN call number rules and related parameters, such as associating a Codec group, a dial plan and a dial timeout to a PSTN profile.



Click the Add button to add a new PSTN profile.



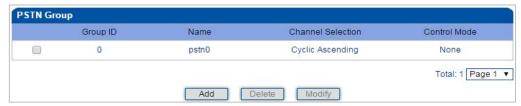


Parameter	Explanation
PSTN Profile ID	The ID of the PSTN profile
Description	The description of the PSTN profile
PBX	The device is loaded with PBX firmware, SIP trunk is configured (No. 99, interface internal, port 50600). IP-side inbound calls will be prompted by IVR after PBX is enabled
Codec Group ID	The ID of the Codec group (the Codec group needs to be created at the Codec Group interface first.)
RFC2833 Payload	Default value is 101.
DTMF Tx Priority 1st	There are three ways to send DTMF: RFC2833, SIP INFOR and Inband. You can set their priority. Priority 1st represents the top priority.
DTMF Tx Priority 2nd	There are three ways to send DTMF: RFC2833, SIP INFOR and Inband. You can set their priority. Priority 2 st represents the second priority.
DTMF Tx Priority 3rd	There are three ways to send DTMF: RFC2833, SIP INFOR and Inband. You can set their priority. Priority 2 st represents the third priority.
Nego Priority	As the called party (IP-PSTN), for RFC2833 payload type identification, DTMF and codec negotiation, the remote side's configuration is the caller's configuration, the local side is TG's configuration.
Overlap Receiving	Default value is 'Disable'; If overlap receiving is enabled, the set 'Dial Plan' and 'Dial Timeout' will work.
Remove CLI	CLI: Calling Line Identification Whether to remove CLI
Play busy tone to PSTN	If 'Yes' is selected, when the called phone is offhook, EQ-64E1 will play busy tone to the PSTN side.
Srtp Param ID	Configure the SRTP rule to be used, which uses 0 by default.



4.9.10 PSTN Group

On the **PSTN Group** interface, you can create a PSTN group and set a strategy for channel selection of the group.



Click the Add button to add a new PSTN group.



Parameter	Explanation
Trunk Group ID	The ID of the trunk group
Name	The name of the trunk group
Channel Selection	There are four selection strategies: Ascending, Descending, Cyclic Ascending and Cyclic Descending. Ascending: to search idle channels starting from channel 0 to channel 31; Cyclic ascending: to search idle channel in an ascending order, starting from the previous idle channel that has been selected
Control Mode	Control mode is also a method for channel selection and works together with the set selection strategy. Options include Master Odd, Master Even and None. Master Odd: it means channels with odd ID will be searched first, and channels with even ID will not be searched until all channels with odd ID have been searched.

4.9.11 PSTN Group Management

On the **PSTN Group Management** interface, you can add start E1/T1 port, end E1 /T1 port, start channel, end channel and PSTN profile to a PSTN group.

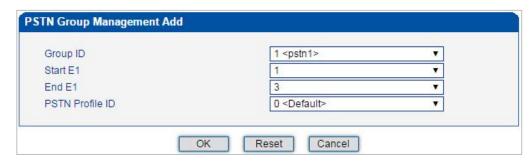
Click the Add button, and you will see the following configuration interface.





In the above figure, as start E1 is the same with end E1, only one E1 port is used in the PSTN group and you need to set start channel and end channel.

When there is a need to set several E1 ports, it defaults that all the 32 channels of each E1 port are used by the PSTN group.



Parameter	Explanation
Group ID	The ID of the PSTN group
Config Mode	Configure E1 in normal mode and add PSTN Group in a special mode.
Start E1/T1	The start E1/T1 port in this PSTN group
End E1/T1	The end E1/T1 port in this PSTN group
Start Channel	The start channel in this PSTN group
End Channel	The end channel in this PSTN group
PSTN Profile ID	The ID of the PSTN profile in this PSTN group (the PSTN profile needs to be created at the PSTN Profile interface first.

Note:

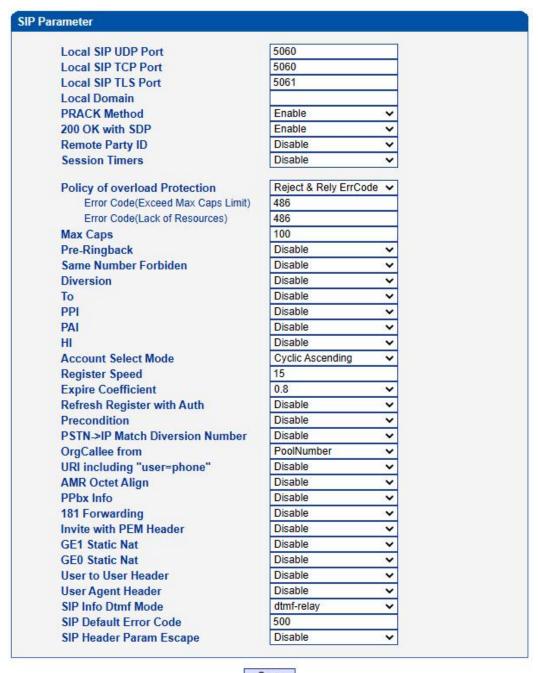
When the start E1/T1 port is different from the end E1/T1 port, the start channel is channel 0 by default and the end channel is channel 31 by default (it means there is no need to choose a start channel and a end channel).



4.10 SIP Config

This menu manages the configuration parameters related to SIP Trunk. The submenus include SIP Parameters, SIP Trunk, SIP Account, Domain Name Resolution and Redundant Group Settings. The main purpose of configuring these parameters is to support the configuration of SIP trunks. Users need to check the relevant parameters configuration when configuring SIP trunk, matching the port, IP address, and various related SIP header field settings used by the peer.

4.10.1 SIP Parameter



Save



Parameter	Explanation
Local SIP UDP Port	SIP UDP port that the device listens on, 5060 (default)
Local SIP TCP Port	SIP TCP port that the device listens on, 5060 (default)
Local SIP TLS Port	SIP TLS port that the device listens on
Local Domain	A local domain whose format is www.xxx.com
PRACK Method	PRACK: Provisional Response ACK message PRACK is a mechanism to ensure reliable transmission of temporary messages (101-199) in SIP messages. PRACK is generally a confirmation of receipt of 183 call in progress/180 ringing.
200 OK with SDP	The 200 OK message sent by the device whether with SDP.
Remote Party ID	When enabled, the <i>invite</i> message sent by the device will come with the <i>Remote Party ID</i> header field to support caller ID.
Session Timers	The user agent periodically sends <i>re-INVITE</i> or <i>UPDATE</i> requests to keep the session active.
Policy of overload Protection	The processing policy when the session request received by the device exceeds the processing capacity of the device, and the error code will be returned to reject/discard directly.
Max Caps	Used with overload protection policy to limit the CAPS of equipment.
Pre-Ringback	When enabled, the device will reply with an 18x immediately after receiving the <i>invite</i> .
Same Number	When receiving an <i>invite</i> with the same calling and called
Forbidden	number, the device will reply with 403 to reject.
Diversion	When enabled, an invite with a <i>Diversion</i> header field (carrying call forwarding information) will be received, and the <i>invite</i> forwarded by the device will with a <i>Diversion</i> header field.
То	When enabled, it will receive an <i>invite</i> message that does not match the called number in the <i>to</i> header with the request line, and the device will extract the called number from the <i>to</i> header.
PPI	When enabled, an <i>invite</i> with a <i>Diversion</i> header or <i>History-Info</i> header (carrying call forwarding information) will be received. The <i>invite</i> forwarded by the device with the <i>P-Preferred-Identity</i> header, and the number in the <i>PPI</i> header is the number in the <i>Diversion</i> header or the <i>History-Info</i> header.
PAI	After enabling, when SIP calls in, if the number in the received <i>PAI</i> header is inconsistent with the caller number, the number in the <i>PAI</i> header will replace the caller number; when SIP calls



out, the caller number is encoded in the PAI header and send an invite with PAI header. After enabling, when receiving a call with call forwarding Н information, the device will send a History-Info header in the invite message. Cyclic Ascending/According to the user name, cyclic ascending is the registration call in access mode. The contact number in the *invite* forwarded by the device is the Account Select SIP account polling on the TG; according to the user name that Mode is the registration call in *access* mode, the call succeeds when the calling number exists in the SIP account, otherwise the call fails. Register Speed The number of registration messages sent per second. After the SIP account is successfully registered, the device will **Expire Coefficient** initiate re-registration within the registration period. Refresh Register When enabled, the refresh registration message forwarded by with Auth the device carries authentication information. Precondition When enabled, the device will support resource reservation. When enabled, if the PSTN-IP routing is configured with a calling number prefix, the received invite will have a division PSTN->IP Match header. When the calling number in the from header does not **Diversion Number** match the route, the number in the division header will be matched, if the prefix matches, the call is successful. The diversion/number pool number, and *divison* needs to be enabled; when receiving an invite with a division header, the OrgCallee from number configuration in the division header in the invite message forwarded by the device will be the same. When enabled, the *invite URI*, from and to headers sent by the **URI** including "user=phone" device will come with "user=phone" When enabled, the device will be act as the called party. If the caller sends out alignment, the negotiation will be aligned; if AMR Octet Align the caller sends out misaligned, the negotiation will be misaligned. When enabled, the calling number type in the IAM (SS7) or PPbx Info SETUP (PRI) message will be the same as the pbx info header in the received sip message. If the received sip message contains the P-Early-Media header field, the local ringback tone or passthrough will be played 181 Forwarding according to the configuration of the header field. If without this header field, the device will transmit the media stream by default. Invite with PEM When enabled, the invite message sent by the device will with



Header P-Early-Media: supported It is used to register to the public network server on the private GE1 Static Nat network or the calls on public network. When enabling it, you need to configure Nat IP. It is used to register to the public network server on the private GE0 Static Nat network or the calls on public network. When enabling it, you need to configure Nat IP. You need to configure the prefix when you enable it. When the called number of the received invite matches the configured User to User Header prefix, the invite message sent by the device will with the *User-to-User* header. Configure the value when enabled, the invite sent by the device User Agent Header will with the user-agent header. Compatible with SIP info messages for dtmf-delay and sscc SIP Info Dtmf Mode mode SIP Default Error In some cases, the device sends this error code to disconnect the call. Code When receiving an invite and then replying with 18x, 200ok, SIP Header Param the parameters in the SIP header are escaped to special characters by default. When enabled, the parameters are not Escape escaped as special characters.

4.10.2 SIP Trunk

SIP trunk can realize the connection between EQ-64E1 and PBX or SIP servers under the IP network. It provides two modes to connect EQ-64E1 and the IP network. One is Access (EQ-64E1 registers to a softswitch), and the other is Peer (EQ-64E1 connects to a peer device in the IP network via IP address).



Configuration procedures for Peer Mode are as follows:

- 1) Click the **Add** button to add a SIP trunk.
- 2) Configure parameters on the SIP Trunk Add interface according to related explanations in the table.
 - As it is Peer mode, you should select No for the Register to Remote parameter, and enter the IP address of the peer device.
- 3) After finishing the configuration of the parameters, click **OK**.



SIP Trunk Add Trunk No. 0 GE1 BI V Trunk Name Remote Address UDP Protocol Type Remote Port(UDP) 5060 Remote Port(TCP/TLS) 5060 Outbound Proxy UDP Outbound Proxy Protocol Type v Outbound Porxy Port(UDP) 5060 Outbound Porxy Port(TCP/TLS) 5060 From Header Local Domain V PPID Disable v Local Domain V Disable ~ Support SIP-T Disable v Get Callee from Request-line Get Caller from v User Name Register to Remote v No Incoming SIP Authentication Type IP Address v Disable v Dynamic Nat Disable Static Nat Disable V v Outgoing Calls Restriction No Incoming Calls Restriction V No Incoming Time Restriction Disable V Heartbeat Bound Disable **Detect Trunk Status** × Heartbeat Username heartbeat Enable SIP Trunk Yes V Early Alerting Disable No Prack for Incoming Call Disable ~ User to User(callee|caller) Disable V v Request Add Port Disable OPTION Only Detects 2000K Disable Heartbeat Bound PSTN Group Disable

NOTE: The "Remote Address", "Remote Port"(UDP,TCL/TLS) cannot be the same in different SIP trunks.

Reset

Cancel

OK

Parameter	Explanation
Trunk No.	The No. of the SIP trunk (range is 1 ~99)
BI	Which network port the call is sent from, users can select GE0/GE1.
Trunk Name	The name of the SIP trunk
Remote Address	The IP address of the peer device interfacing with the EQ-64E1



Options include UDP, TCP and Auto Protocol Type If Auto is selected, the protocol type is determined by the peer device. The SIP port of the peer device interfacing with the Remote Port (UDP) EQ-64E1; The default remote port is 5060. Remote Port Configure the peer port for TCP/TLS protocol. (TCP/TLS) SIP proxy IP address **Outbound Proxy** If outbound proxy is used, enter the IP address or domain name of the proxy server Options include UDP, TCP and Auto **Outbound Proxy** If Auto is selected, the protocol type is determined by the Protocol Type peer device. **Outbound Proxy Port** The default outbound proxy port is 5060. (UDP) **Outbound Proxy** Configure proxy port for TCP/TLS protocol. Port(TCP/TLS) You can select the local domain name/peer domain name. The from header in the invite message sent by the device can From Header be the local domain name in the SIP parameters or the SIP trunk's peer address (configured as a domain name). When enabled, the P-Preferred-Identity header and Privacy **PPID** header are added to the invite packets sent by the device. Local Domain The local domain set in the SIP Parameter interface Support SIP-T This parameter is for SS7. Its default value is 'Disable'. Get the called number from 'Request-line' or 'To Header Get Callee from Get Caller from Get the caller number from 'User Name' or 'Display Name' It is defined by IETF RFC3372, which is a standard used to establish remote communication between SIP and ISUP; Register to Remote The default value is 'Yes'. If 'Yes' is selected, EQ-64E1 will be registered to the peer device whose IP address is filled in 'Remote Address'. Incoming calls from IP network can be authenticated by IP address or password. If password is selected, you need fill in **Incoming SIP** password. If IP address is selected, incoming calls will be Authentication Type rejected when their IP address are different from the remote address filled in.



Rport	Whether to enable the Rport of the SIP trunk
Dynamic Nat	Enable or Disable If it is enabled, a private IP address can be mapped to a public address from a pool of public IP addresses.
Static Nat	Static NAT enables one-to-one mapping of local and public addresses. A public IP address is assigned only to a unique and fixed local network host.
Outgoing Calls Registration	Whether to limit the number of the calls from PSTN to IP network. The default value is 'No'. If 'Yes' is selected, then input the number of concurrent calls that are allowed to go out. The range is 0 to 65535.
Incoming Calls Registration	Whether to limit the number of the calls from IP network to PSTN. The default value is 'No'. If 'Yes' is selected, then input the number of concurrent calls that are allowed to come in. The range is 0 to 65535.
Incoming Time Registration	The default setting is 'Disabled'. If 'Enabled' is selected, user can edit the start and stop time of a prohibition period. During this period, all calls from IP network to PSTN are prohibited. (Calls from PSTN to IP network are not limited)
Heartbeat Bound	Heartbeat bound is used in transcoding mode, and users need to configure the bounding sip trunk number when enabled. When the heartbeat of bounding sip trunk A is good, the device replies to the heartbeat message sent by the peer device of the SIP trunk B.
Detect Trunk Status	Whether to detect the status of the SIP trunk. If 'Yes' is selected, EQ-64E1 will send Heartbeat message to the peer device to confirm whether the link status is OK.
Heartbeat Username	The name of the Heartbeat message
Enable SIP Trunk	Whether to enable the SIP trunk. If 'Yes' is selected, the SIP trunk is available; If 'No' is selected, the SIP Trunk is invalid.
Early Alerting	Early Alerting is used in transcoding mode, TG replies 18x immediately after receiving invite when enabled.
No Prack for Incoming Call	When disabled, the device carries require when it sends 18x.
User to User(callee caller)	When enabled, the forwarded invite message carries the User to User header with the value "callee caller".



Request Add Port

When enabled, the request line in the sent SIP message carries the SIP trunk configuration's peer port.

When enabled, the link between the device and SIP trunk is determined to be normal only when the device sends an option message and the peer replies with 200 ok. When disabled, the link can be judged as normal for a reply to the option message sent by the device.

Heartbeat Bound PSTN Group

When enabled, the device replies to the heartbeat option message on the remote side only when one or all E1 ports of the bound PSTN group are green.

tion procedures For Access M Configuration procedures for Access mode are as follows:

- 1) Click the **Add** button to add a SIP trunk.
- 2) Configure parameters on the following interface according to related explanations. As it is Access mode, you should select **Yes** for the **Register to Remote** parameter, and enter the IP address of a softswitch.



SIP Trunk Add Trunk No. 0 BI GE1 V Trunk Name Remote Address UDP Protocol Type Remote Port(UDP) 5060 Remote Port(TCP/TLS) 5060 Outbound Proxy UDP Outbound Proxy Protocol Type v Outbound Porxy Port(UDP) 5060 Outbound Porxy Port(TCP/TLS) 5060 From Header Local Domain V PPID Disable v Local Domain V Disable Support SIP-T Disable Get Callee from Request-line V Get Caller from v User Name Register to Remote v No Incoming SIP Authentication Type IP Address v Disable v Dynamic Nat Disable Static Nat Disable V v Outgoing Calls Restriction No Incoming Calls Restriction V No Incoming Time Restriction Disable Heartbeat Bound ~ Disable **Detect Trunk Status** No v Heartbeat Username heartbeat Enable SIP Trunk Yes V Early Alerting Disable No Prack for Incoming Call Disable V User to User(callee|caller) Disable V Request Add Port v Disable OPTION Only Detects 2000K Disable Heartbeat Bound PSTN Group Disable

NOTE: The "Remote Address", "Remote Port"(UDP,TCL/TLS) cannot be the same in different SIP trunks.

Reset

Cancel

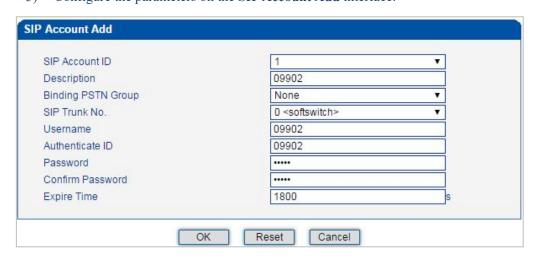
OK

- 3) Click OK.
- 4) Click **SIP Account** in the navigation tree on the left, and then click **Add** to add a SIP account.





5) Configure the parameters on the **SIP Account Add** interface.



Parameter	Explanation
SIP Account ID	The ID of SIP Account, from 0 to 127
Description	Description of the SIP account
Binding PSTN Group	Choose a PSTN group that is bound to the SIP account
SIP Trunk No.	The No. of the SIP trunk bound to the SIP account
Username	The username of the SIP account, which is used to register the SIP account to softswitch
Authenticate ID	The authentication ID to authenticate the SIP account for the softswitch connected to EQ-64E1
Password	The password of SIP account, which is used when the SIP account is registered to softswitch
Confirm Password	Enter the password again
Expire Time	The interval to register the SIP account; Default value is 1800s.

6) Click **OK**. And you can click **Status & Statistics** -> **IP Trunk Status** to check the SIP trunk that has been established.



4.10.3 SIP Account





Description about add of SIP accounts:

Parameter	Explanation	
SIP Account ID	SIP account ID, between 0-999	
Description	Describe the SIP account	
Binding PSTN Group	Access mode, configured PSTN group call, the number in the contact header of the invite message sent by the device is the SIP account bound to the PSTN, not the original calling number, nor the SIP account polling, only in <i>pstn</i> -> <i>ip</i> routing direction.	
SIP Trunk No.	Corresponding to the SIP trunk number	
Username	SIP registered user name	
Authentication ID	The authentication ID of the SIP account configured by the SIP server, which can be empty.	
Password	Password for registering SIP account	
Confirm Password	Enter confirm password	
Expire Time	SIP registration interval	
Max Calls	The device will reject calls that exceed the number of concurrent.	
Enable Account	The enabled SIP account can be registered and called normally	

Description about batch add of SIP accounts:

Parameter	Explanation	
Start SIP Account	The first SIP account number, subsequent SIP accounts are	
ID	incremented.	
SIP Trunk No.	SIP trunk number	
Username Prefix	The common prefix of the SIP accounts added in batches, which	
Oscillanic i iciix	can be empty.	
Start Username	The first SIP account registered user name, subsequent SIP	
Start Oscinanic	accounts are incremented.	
Authenticate ID	The authentication ID of the SIP account configured by the SIP	
Addiction of the Addict	server, which can be empty.	
Auth ID Add	Whether to add the user name prefix before the authentication ID.	
Prefix	whether to add the user name prefix before the authentication ii).	
Account Count	The number of SIP accounts that can be added in batches.	
D	Choose a password policy (Life Password/ The same with	
Password Policy	username)	
Password	Configure when the password policy is a universal password	
Expire Time	SIP registration interval	
Max Calls	The device will reject calls that exceed the number of concurrent.	
Enable Account	The enabled SIP account can be registered and called normally	



4.10.4 SIP DNS

Shows the correspondence between SIP domain names and IP.



4.10.5 SIP RED Group

Put two trunks into the same redundancy group, one is the master and the other is the slave. The master needs to enable Keep Alive, and the slave does not need it. The device will send calls to the master trunk first. When the Keep Alive detects that the master trunk is down, it will switch to the slave trunk to forward the call. At the same time, it will always check the master trunk status. Once the master trunk status is OK, it will immediately switch back to the master trunk.





Parameter	Explanation	
Group ID	Number of redundancy group, 8 redundancy groups can be added.	
Index	0 is the master trunk, and 1 is the slave trunk.	
Trunk No.	For SIP trunks with redundant grouping enabled, the trunk corresponding to 'index 0' must enable Keep Alive.	



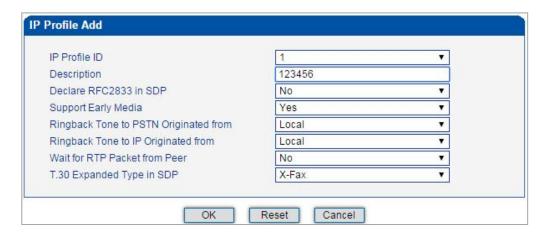
4.11 IP Group Config

This menu manages some service control parameters in IP calls, including IP rules, IP groups and IP group management. Users can manage the service settings for IP calls through IP rules and IP groups, such as early media stream support, ringback tone source settings, call Concurrent settings in IP groups, etc. Users can use IP rules to achieve compatibility support in some call services.

4.11.1 IP Profile

On the IP Profile interface, you can configure the parameters about IP calls, such as whether to support early media, where ringback tone to PSTN/IP is originated from and whether to wait for RTP packet from peer device.







Parameter Explanation IP Profile ID The ID of the IP profile, from 1 to 15. Description Description of the IP profile Declare RFC2833 in Whether to declare RFC2833 in SDP SDP Default value is 'Yes'. Whether to support Early Media (183) Support Early Media If 'Yes' is selected, ringback tone will be played to the caller before the call is successfully connected. Where the ringback tone to PSTN side is originated from Ringback Tone to If 'Local' is selected, the ringback tone is played from **PSTN** Originated EQ-64E1. from If 'IP' is selected, the ringback tone is played from the IP network Where the ringback tone to IP network 1 is originated from If 'Local' is selected, the ringback tone is played from Ringback Tone to IP EQ-64E1. Originated from If 'PSTN' is selected, the ringback tone is played from the PSTN. If 'Yes' is selected, RTP packets will be sent from peer device to EQ-64E1 first, and then RTP packets will be sent from TG Wait for RTP Packet to peer device. from Peer If 'No' is selected, RTP packets will be sent automatically during calling; T.30 Expanded Type There are two T.30 expanded types: X-Fax and Fax in SDP



4.11.2 IP Group

On the IP Group interface, you can add IP groups and choose a strategy for selecting IP trunks.





Belong to	Parameter	Explanation
IP Trunk Selection	Ascending	To select IP trunks in an ascending order under a same group.
	Cyclic Ascending	To select IP trunks in an ascending order, starting from the previous IP trunk that has been selected
	Descending	To select IP trunks in a descending order under a same group
	Cyclic Descending	To select IP trunks in a descending order, starting from the previous IP trunk that has been selected
Max Out	Max Out	The maximum number of concurrent outgoing calls of IP group
Max In	Max In	The maximum number of concurrent incoming calls of IP group

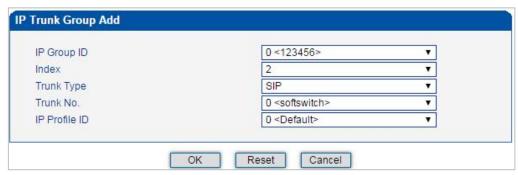


4.11.3 IP Group Management

On the **IP Group Management** interface, you can add IP trunks to the IP group which have been established on IP Group interface.



Click Add, and you can see the following interface.



Parameter	Explanation	
	The ID of the IP group	
IP Group ID	If you want to add more IP trunks to the IP group, do not change	
	the IP group ID.	
Index	The index of the IP trunk added to the IP group	
Trunk Type	SIP	
Trunk No.	Select an IP trunk that has been established on SIP Config -> SIP	
	Trunk interface.	
IP Profile ID	The ID of the IP profile that will be used by the IP trunk.	

4.12 Number Filter

This menu manages the black and white list of calling and callee numbers. The main purpose of configuring this menu is to have flexible black and white list filtering support for calling and callee numbers. The submenu settings include caller and callee black/white lists, caller number pool, Number Bound TsNo and filter profile. These configurations are bound to each other and achieved by filtered profile. when setting them, users need to avoid filtering out important calling numbers. Advanced users need to understand the actual customer needs before configuring this parameter and use its filtering function through certain tests.



Caller White List: Calls from the numbers on the Caller White List will be allowed to pass. If a caller number cannot match with one of the numbers on the Caller White List, calls from the caller number will be rejected.

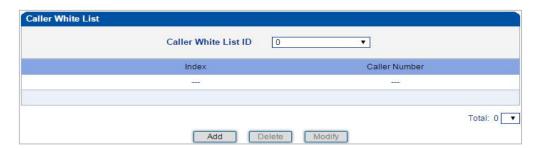
Caller Black List: Calls from the numbers on the Caller Black List will be rejected to pass. If a caller number match with one of the numbers on the Caller Black List, calls will be rejected.

Callee White List: Calls to the numbers on the Callee White List will be allowed to pass. If a callee number cannot match with one of one of the numbers on the Caller White List, calls to the callee number will be rejected.

Callee Black List: Calls to the numbers on the Callee Black List will be rejected to pass. If a callee number match with one of the numbers on the Callee Black List, calls to the callee number will be rejected.

4.12.1 Procedures to add a number on the Caller White List

1) Click Number Filter -> Caller White List to enter into the following interface.



2) Click **Add** to enter into the following interface to add a caller number on the Caller White List.



- 3) Choose an ID for the caller white list and an index for the caller number, and then enter the caller number.
- 4) Click OK.

Note:

You can add 8 white or black lists at most, with ID from 0 to 7. And each white or black list can contain 1024 numbers at most.



4.12.2 Caller Pool

On the Caller Pool interface, you can add a batch of telephone numbers to replace the actual caller numbers when there is a need.



Click Add to set numbers in the caller pool.

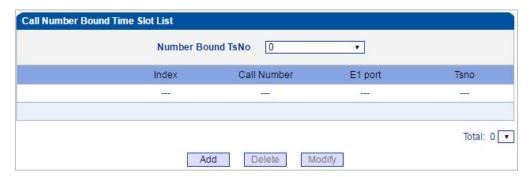


If 'Starting Caller Number' is 80080000 and 'Number Count' is 100, it means numbers from 80080000 to 80080099 are all in the caller pool.

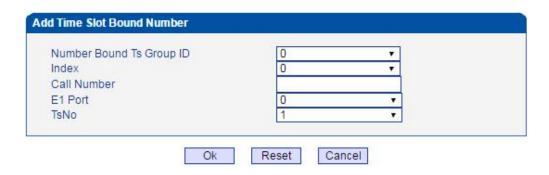
Note:

Each caller poor can contain 512 numbers at most, and if there are multiple caller pools, the caller pools can contain up to 1024 numbers in total.

4.12.3 Number Bound TsNo



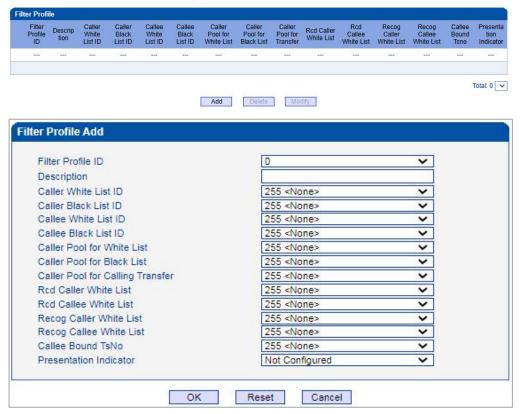




Each TsNo is bound to a number. If the called number is the bound TsNo, it means the call is normal. When the called number is not the bound TsNo, the EQ-64E1 device will reply "503" to refuse the call.

4.12.4 Filter Profile

On the Filter Profile interface, you can put white lists and black lists that have been set before in a filter profile or several profiles. The white lists and black lists will not take effect until you set them in filter profiles.



Select a white list ID, and the calls of the numbers on the white list will be passed. Select a black list ID, and the calls of the numbers on the black list will be prohibited.

If you select **255<None>**, it means no while lists or black lists are set in filter profile, and no numbers will be filtered.

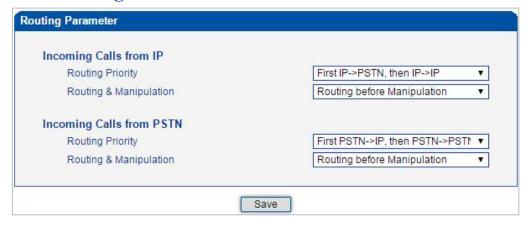


4.13 Call Routing

This menu manages the routing direction of calls. Call routing is mainly responsible for the call routing parameters from IP to PSTN and from PSTN to IP.

Its submenu parameters include basic routing parameters, PSTN->IP call routing, PSTN->PSTN call routing, and IP->PSTN call routing. Other binding rules set in call routing help users to flexibly control the call service in a certain direction. Users need to understand different PSTN ports and corresponding SIP trunk parameters when configuring call routing, otherwise there may be call failure.

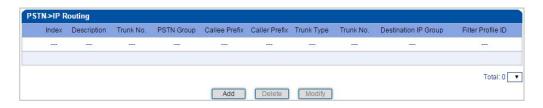
4.13.1 Routing Parameter



Belong To	Parameter	Explanation
Incoming Calls from IP	Routing Priority	There are two options: First IP ->PSTN, then IP ->IP
		First IP ->IP, then IP ->PSTN
	Routing & Manipulation	There are two options: Routing before Manipulation Routing after Manipulation
Incoming Calls from PSTN	Routing Priority	First PSTN ->IP, then PSTN ->PSTN
	Routing & Manipulation	There are two options: Routing before Manipulation Routing after Manipulation

4.13.2 PSTN -> IP Routing

On the **PSTN** -> **IP Routing** interface, you can set routing parameters for PSTN -> IP calls.





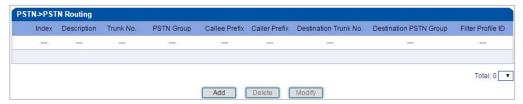


Parameter	Explanation	
Index	The Index of the PSTN -> IP route, from 0 to 255. Greater index value, higher priority for the route.	
Description	The description of the PSTN -> IP route,	
Source Type	Sources include PSTN group and PRI/SS7/R2 trunk.	
PSTN Group	If source is PSTN group, please select a specific PSTN group. If 'Any' is selected, it means the source is any PSTN group.	
Callee Prefix	The prefix configured for callee number. When a callee number matches the prefix, this PSTN -> IP route will be used. '.' is a wildcard, which means this PSTN -> IP route will be used, no matter what the callee number is.	
Caller Prefix	The prefix configured for caller number. When a caller number matches the prefix, this PSTN -> IP route will be used. '.' is a wildcard, which means this PSTN -> IP route will be used, no matter what the caller number is.	
Destination Type	Destination is IP group or SIP trunk.	
Destination IP Group	If source is IP group, please select a specific IP group.	
IP Trunk No.	If source is SIP trunk, please select a specific IP trunk.	
Number Filter Profile ID	The ID of filter profile. The white lists and black lists set in the filter profile will apply to this PSTN -> IP route.	



4.13.3 PSTN -> PSTN Routing

On the **PSTN** -> **PSTN Routing** interface, you can set routing parameters for PSTN -> PSTN calls.





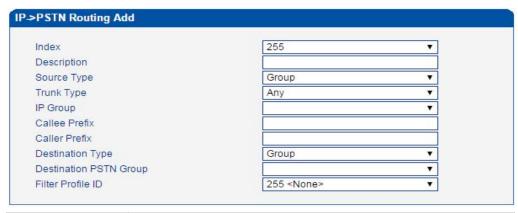
OK Neset Canter		
Parameter	Explanation	
Index	The Index of the PSTN -> PSTN route, from 0 to 255. Greater index value, higher priority for the route.	
Description	The description of the PSTN -> PSTN route,	
Source Type	Sources include PSTN group and PRI/SS7/R2 trunk.	
PSTN Group	If source is PSTN group, please select a specific PSTN group. If 'Any' is selected, it means the source is any PSTN group.	
Callee Prefix	The prefix configured for callee number. When a callee number matches the prefix, this PSTN -> IP route will be used. '.' is a wildcard, which means this PSTN -> PSTN route will be used, no matter what the callee number is.	
Caller Prefix	The prefix configured for caller number. When a caller number matches the prefix, this PSTN -> PSTN route will be used. '.' is a wildcard, which means this PSTN -> PSTN route will be used, no matter what the caller number is.	
Destination Type	Destination is PSTN group or PRI/SS7/R2 trunk.	
Destination IP Group	If source is PSTN group, please select a specific PSTN group.	
Number Filter Profile ID	The ID of filter profile. The white lists and black lists set in the filter profile will apply to this PSTN -> PSTN route.	



4.13.4 IP -> PSTN Routing

On the **PSTN** -> **IP Routing** interface, you can set routing parameters for IP -> PSTN calls.





Parameter	Explanation	
Index	The Index of the IP -> PSTN route, from 0 to 255. Greater index value, higher priority for the route.	
Description	The description of the IP -> PSTN route,	
Source Type	Sources include IP group and IP trunk.	
Trunk Type	If source is IP trunk, please select a specific SIP trunk. If 'Any' is selected, it means the source is any IP trunk.	
Callee Prefix	The prefix configured for callee number. When a callee number matches the prefix, this IP -> PSTN route will be used. '.' is a wildcard, which means this IP -> PSTN route will be used, no matter what the callee number is.	
Caller Prefix	The prefix configured for caller number. When a caller number matches the prefix, this IP -> PSTN route will be used. '.' is a wildcard, which means this IP -> PSTN route will be used, no matter what the caller number is.	
Destination Type	Destination is PSTN group or PRI/SS7/R2 trunk.	
Destination IP Group	If source is PSTN group, please select a specific PSTN group.	
IP Trunk No.	If source is PRI/SS7/R2 trunk, please select a specific PRI/SS7/R2 trunk.	
Number Filter Profile ID	The ID of filter profile. The white lists and black lists set in the filter profile will apply to this PSTN -> PSTN route.	



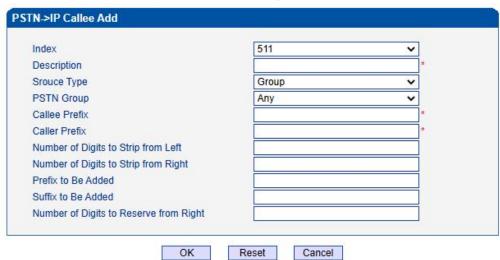
4.14 Number Manipulation

This menu manages the number manipulation. In some scenarios, users need to change the caller or callee number and then proceed with the call flow. The number manipulation on the device can support manipulation in six directions, including PSTN->IP Callee/Caller, PSTN->PSTN Callee/Caller, and IP->PSTN Callee/Caller. According to the call routing direction, the manipulation rules can support number changing such as removing prefix and adding suffix. Advanced users should pay attention to the connection routing rules and manipulation specific requirements when using number manipulation, which can cause call failure or other errors if not set properly.

4.14.1 **PSTN** -> **IP** Callee

On the **PSTN** -> **IP** Callee interface, you can set rules to change the actual callee number during **PSTN** -> **IP** calling process.







Parameter	Explanation	
Index	The index of this PSTN -> IP callee number manipulation, from 0 to 511. Each index cannot be used repeatedly.	
Description	The description of this PSTN -> IP callee number manipulation.	
Source Type	Select PSTN group or PSTN Trunk as source type.	
PSTN Group	Select a PSTN group. The callee number will be manipulated when a call uses a trunk of this PSTN group, actual callee prefix matches the set callee prefix, and actual caller prefix matches the set caller prefix. 'Any' means any PSTN group.	
PSTN Trunk	Select a PRI/R2/SS7 trunk.	
Callee Prefix	Set a prefix for the callee number.	
Caller Prefix	Set a prefix for the caller number	
Number of Digits to Strip from Left	The number of digits which are lessened from the left of the callee number.	
Number of Digits to Strip from Right	The number of digits which are lessened from the right of the callee number.	
Prefix to be added	The prefix added to the callee number after its digits are lessened.	
Suffix to be added	The suffix added to the callee number after its digits are lessened.	
Number of Digits to Reserve from Right	The number of the retained digits which, are counted from the right of the callee number.	

For example:

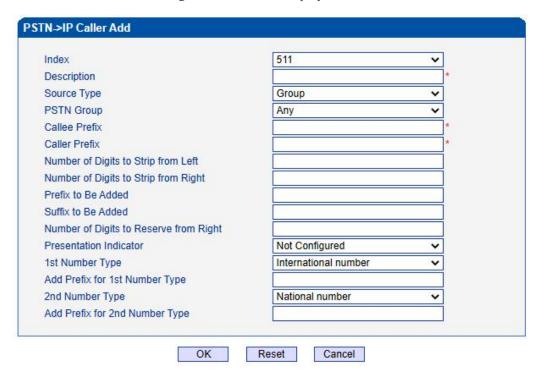
- ♦ If the called number is 25026531014, how do you change it into 026531014?
- ♦ You can enter '3' in the value box for the 'Number of Digits to Strip from Left' parameter.
- ♦ If the called number is 2653101413, how do you change it into 00912653101413?
- ♦ You can enter '0091' in the value box for the 'Callee Prefix' parameter.



4.14.2 PSTN -> IP Caller

On the **PSTN** -> **IP Caller** interface, you can set rules to change the actual caller number during PSTN -> IP calling process.







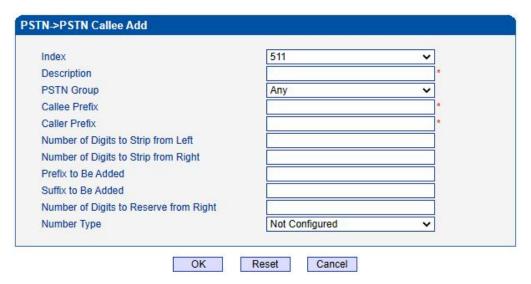
Parameter	Explanation	
Index	The index of this PSTN -> IP caller number manipulation, from	
mucx	0 to 511. Each index cannot be used repeatedly.	
Description	The description of this PSTN-> IP caller number manipulation.	
Source Type	Select PSTN group or PSTN Trunk as source type.	
PSTN Group	Select a PSTN group. The caller number will be manipulated when a call uses a trunk of this PSTN group, actual callee prefix matches the set callee prefix, and actual caller prefix matches the set caller prefix. 'Any' means any PSTN group.	
PSTN Trunk	Select a PRI/R2/SS7 trunk.	
Callee Prefix	Set a prefix for the callee number.	
Caller Prefix	Set a prefix for the caller number.	
Number of Digits to Strip from Left	The number of digits which are lessened from the left of the caller number.	
Number of Digits to Strip from Right	The number of digits which are lessened from the right of the caller number.	
Prefix to be added	The prefix added to the caller number after its digits are lessened.	
Suffix to be added	The suffix added to the caller number after its digits are lessened.	
Number of Digits to Reserve from Right	The number of the retained digits which, are counted from the right of the caller number.	
Presentation Indicator	If "Allowed" is selected, the calling number will be presented. If "Restricted" is selected, the calling number will not be presented. If "Not Config" is selected, the parameter does not work.	
1 st Number Type	If the caller number belongs to 1st number type, the set prefix will be added to the caller number.	
Add Prefix for 1st	The prefix that will be added to those numbers that belong to 1st	
Number Type	number type.	
2 nd Number Type	If the caller number belongs to 2 nd number type, the set prefix will be added to the caller number.	
Add Prefix for 2nd	The prefix that will be added to those numbers that belong to 2 nd	
Number Type	number type.	



4.14.3 PSTN -> PSTN Callee

On the **PSTN** -> **PSTN** Callee interface, you can set rules to change the actual callee number during PSTN -> PSTN calling process.







Parameter	Explanation	
Index	The index of this PSTN -> PSTN callee number manipulation,	
muex	from 0 to 511. Each index cannot be used repeatedly.	
Description	The description of this PSTN-> PSTN callee number	
Description	manipulation	
	Select a PSTN group. The callee number will be manipulated	
	when a call uses a trunk of this PSTN group, actual callee	
PSTN Group	prefix matches the set callee prefix, and actual caller prefix	
	matches the set caller prefix.	
	'Any' means any PSTN group.	
Callee Prefix	Set a prefix for the callee number.	
Caller Prefix	Set a prefix for the caller number.	
Number of Digits to	The number of digits which are lessened from the left of the	
Strip from Left callee number.		
Number of Digits to	The number of digits which are lessened from the right of the	
Strip from Right	callee number.	
Prefix to be added	The prefix added to the callee number after its digits are	
Pienx to be added	lessened.	
Suffix to be added	The suffix added to the callee number after its digits are	
Sum to be added	lessened.	
Number of Digits to	The number of the retained digits which, are counted from the	
Reserve from Right	right of the callee number.	
	The type of the callee number. Options include 'Not Config',	
Number Type	'International', 'National', 'Unknown', 'Network Specific',	
	'Subscriber' and 'Abbreviated'.	

4.14.4 PSTN -> PSTN Caller

On the PSTN -> PSTN Caller interface, you can set rules to change the actual caller number during PSTN -> PSTN calling process.





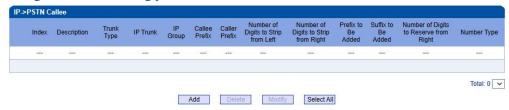
lex	127	. ▼
scription		
TN Group	Any	▼
lee Prefix		-
ler Prefix		
nber of Digits to Strip from Left		
mber of Digits to Strip from Right		
x to Be Added		•
to Be Added		
ber of Digits to Reserve from Right		
ber Type	Not Configured	. ▼
sentation Indicator	Not Configured	•

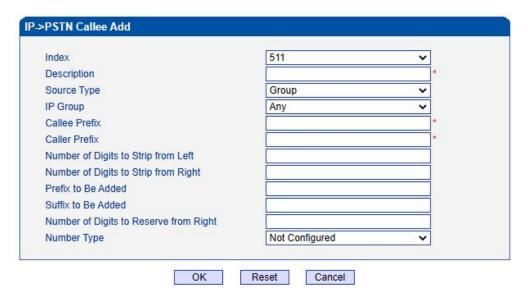
Parameter	Explanation	
т 1	The index of this PSTN -> PSTN caller number manipulation,	
Index	from 0 to 511. Each index cannot be used repeatedly.	
Description	The description of this PSTN -> PSTN caller number	
Description	manipulation.	
	Select a PSTN group. The caller number will be manipulated	
	when a call uses a trunk of this PSTN group, actual callee	
PSTN Group	prefix matches the set callee prefix, and actual caller prefix	
	matches the set caller prefix.	
	'Any' means any PSTN group.	
Callee Prefix	Set a prefix for the callee number.	
Caller Prefix	Set a prefix for the caller number.	
Number of Digits to	of Digits to The number of digits which are lessened from the left of the	
Strip from Left	ft caller number.	
Number of Digits to	The number of digits which are lessened from the right of the	
Strip from Right	caller number.	
Prefix to be added	The prefix added to the caller number after its digits are	
TICHX to be added	lessened.	
Suffix to be added	The suffix added to the caller number after its digits are	
Sum to be added	lessened.	
Number of Digits to	The number of the retained digits which, are counted from the	
Reserve from Right	right of the caller number.	
	If "Allowed" is selected, the calling number will be presented.	
Presentation	If "Restricted" is selected, the calling number will not be	
Indicator	presented.	
	If "Not Config" is selected, the parameter does not work.	
	The type of the caller number. Options include 'Not Config',	
Number Type	'International', 'National', 'Unknown', 'Network Specific',	
	'Subscriber' and 'Abbreviated'.	



4.14.5 IP -> PSTN Callee

On the **IP** -> **PSTN Callee** interface, you can set rules to change the actual callee number during IP -> PSTN calling process.







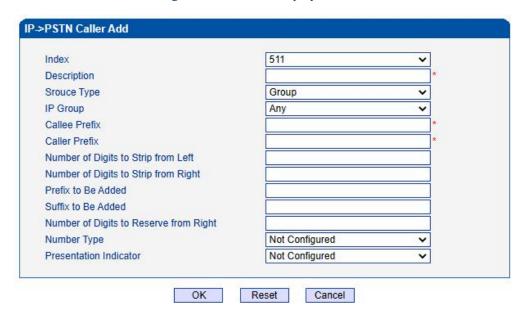
Parameter	Explanation	
Index	The index of this IP -> PSTN callee number manipulation, from 0 to 511. Each index cannot be used repeatedly.	
Description	The description of this IP -> PSTN callee number manipulation.	
Source Type	Select PSTN group or PSTN Trunk as source type.	
IP Group	Select an IP group. The callee number will be manipulated when a call uses a trunk of this IP group, actual callee prefix matches the set callee prefix, and actual caller prefix matches the set caller prefix. 'Any' means any IP group.	
Trunk Type	Select a Trunk type.	
Trunk Number	When users select SIP as Trunk type, users need to select a specific SIP trunk.	
Callee Prefix	Set a prefix for the callee number.	
Caller Prefix	Set a prefix for the caller number.	
Number of Digits to Strip from Left	The number of digits which are lessened from the left of the caller number.	
Number of Digits to Strip from Right	The number of digits which are lessened from the right of the caller number.	
Prefix to be added	The prefix added to the callee number after its digits are lessened.	
Suffix to be added	The suffix added to the callee number after its digits are lessened.	
Number of Digits to Reserve from Right	The number of the retained digits which, are counted from the right of the callee number.	
Number Type	The type of the callee number. Options include 'Not Config', 'International', 'National', 'Unknown', 'Network Specific', 'Subscriber' and 'Abbreviated'.	



4.14.6 IP -> PSTN Caller

On the **IP** -> **PSTN Caller** interface, you can set rules to change the actual caller number during IP -> PSTN calling process.







Parameter	Explanation	
Index	The index of this IP -> PSTN caller number manipulation, from 0 to 511. Each index cannot be used repeatedly.	
Description	The description of this IP -> PSTN caller number manipulation.	
IP Group	Select an IP group. The caller number will be manipulated when a call uses a trunk of this IP group, actual callee prefix matches the set callee prefix, and actual caller prefix matches the set caller prefix. 'Any' means any IP group.	
Trunk Type	Select a Trunk type.	
Trunk Number	When users select SIP as Trunk type, users need to select a specific SIP trunk.	
Callee Prefix	Set a prefix for the callee number.	
Caller Prefix	Set a prefix for the caller number.	
Number of Digits to Strip from Left	The number of digits which are lessened from the left of the caller number.	
Number of Digits to Strip from Right	The number of digits which are lessened from the right of the caller number.	
Prefix to be added	The prefix added to the caller number after its digits are lessened.	
Suffix to be added	The suffix added to the caller number after its digits are lessened.	
Number of Digits to Reserve from Right	The number of the retained digits which, are counted from the right of the caller number.	
Presentation Indicator	If "Allowed" is selected, the calling number will be presented. If "Restricted" is selected, the calling number will not be presented. If "Not Config" is selected, the parameter does not work.	
Number Type	The type of the caller number. Options include 'Not Config', 'International', 'National', 'Unknown', 'Network Specific', 'Subscriber' and 'Abbreviated'.	

4.15 Voice & Fax

This interface configures parameters related to voice and fax. Users can set the necessary voice parameters to resolve compatibility issues, such as RTP voice parameters, RTP port settings, VAD/CNG, DTMF, PSTN call gain, timeout of no-answer, fax detection, and other parameters.



loice Parameter			
Disconnect call when no RTP packet	Yes ○ No		
Period without RTP packet	60		s
RTP Start Port	6144		
RTP start port must be Multiple of 2048, def	fault value is 6144! Res	start to ta	ake effect.
Max Call Duration(0 means not limited)	120]min
Rtpcn Period(1-100)	10]s
VAD/CNG	Disable	¥]
Echo Cancel Time	64ms	~]
Gain from PSTN	-1dB	~	
Gain to PSTN	2dB	~]
Ringback Tone Type	China	~]
Fimeout of No Answer(Max Alerting Time)	(
Call from PSTN(PSTN->IP,PSTN->PSTN)	parameter and the second		s
Call from IP(IP->PSTN,IP->IP)	60		s
Fax Parameter			
Fax Mode	T.38	~	
Fax Tx Gain	0 db	~	
Fax Rx Gain	0 db	~]
Packet time	20		ms
Redundant frame in packet	3	~	Ì
Local Fax Detection	Enable	~	
CED/CNG Detection	Disable	~	i
T.38 Max Rate	14400	77090	bit/s
T.38 Max Datagram	272		
Modem Detection	Disable	~	ĺ
Busytone Detection	Enable	~	i
G.711 Li	Disable	~	i
T30 Auto Switch	Disable	~	i
Vbd Param	Enable	~	
ECM	Disable	~	j
Data & Fax Control			
Data	Disable	~	
Fax	Disable	~	
OTMF Parameter			
Signal Duration	200		ms
Signal Interval	200		ms
Signal Gain	0 db	~	
Threshold for Detection	-27 dbm0	~	j
OTMF Advanced Setting	show/hide		

Save



Belong to	Parameter	Explanation		
	Disconnect call when no RTP packet	Options include 'Yes' and 'No'. If 'Yes' is selected, the call will be disconnected when it is detected that the call's silence time is longer than the set maximum time without receiving RTP packets.		
	Period without RTP packet	The set maximum time without receiving RTP packets. Default value is 60 seconds.		
	RTP Start Port	Minimum value of RTP ports used by the device.		
Voice	Max Call Duration(0 means not limited)	Configure the maximum call duration of the device.		
Parameter	Rtpcn Period (1-100)	Configure the Rtpcn period, ranging from 1 100 seconds.		
	VAD/CNG	Enable VAD/CNG.		
	Echo Cancel Time	The interval to remove echo from a voice communication. Options include 32ms, 64ms and 128ms.		
	Gain from PSTN	The voice gain from PSTN to IP direction Default value is -1dB.		
	Gain to PSTN	The voice gain from IP to PSTN direction Default value is 2dB.		
	Ringback Tone Type	Local ringback tone.		
Timeout of	Call from PSTN	The maximum time of no answer for calls from PSTN.		
No Answer	Call from IP	The maximum time of no answer for calls from IP Network.		
Fax Parameter	Fax Mode	Options include T.38, Pass-through and Adaptive. Default value is T.38. Adaptive means auto negotiate with peer side.		
	Fax Tx Gain	Gain of sending a fax.		
	Fax Rx Gain	Gain of receiving a fax.		
	Packet time	The time for data packing.		
	Redundant frame in Packet	The length of frame in RTP packet.		
	CED/CNG Detection	Whether to detect CED/CNG.		
	T.38 Max Rate	Options: 2400/4800/7200/9600/12000/14400		



bps; used to adjust the bit rate of fax T.38 Max Datagram The maximum value of T.38 fax data packet Does SDP with a=modem during Modem Detection pass-through Enable to interrupt fax when busy tone is **Busytone Detection** detected Whether to disable the recording function G.711 Li when faxing T30 Auto Switch Pass-through Fax control Vbd Param Does SDP with a=vbd during pass-through **ECM** When enabled, EQ devices use ECM mode. Whether to enable voice data service on the Data Data & Fax EO-64E1. Control Whether to enable fax service on the Fax EQ-64E1. Signal Duration The duration of a DTMF signal. Signal Interval The interval between two DTMF signals. **DTMF** Signal Gain Configure the gain of sending DTMF. Parameter Threshold for The signal detection threshold. Detection Minimum Detection Minimum DTMF detection period for the Period(20-100) device, ranging from 20-100s. Minimum Detection Minimum DTMF detection interval for the Interval(40-120) device, ranging from 40-120s. Frequency Offset Detection of DTMF frequency Offset. **DTMF** Positive Twist Detection of DTMF Positive Twist. Advanced **Negative Twist** Detection of DTMF Negative Twist. Setting **SNR(SIGNAL-NOISE** Detection of DTMF Signal-Noise Ratio. RATIO) IP Side DTMF When enabled, the DTMF received by the Forwarding Directly device on the IP side is forwarded directly. Pcm Side DTMF When enabled, the DTMF received by the Forwarding Directly device on the PCM side is forwarded directly.

4.16 Maintenance

This menu provides the maintenance tools required by the device. The device can support



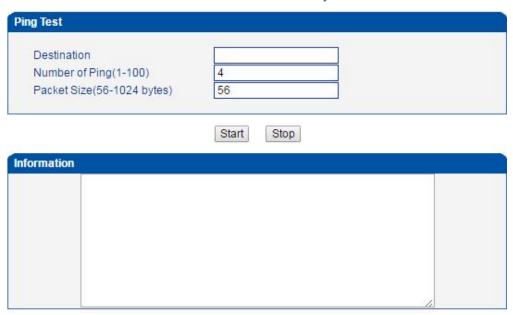
various maintenance tools through web interface, including Ping test, Tracert test, signaling call test, network capture, and debug commands. If users need to get official technical support, users can use these tools to get logs for troubleshooting.

4.16.1 Ping Test

Ping is used to examine whether a network works normally through sending test packets and calculating response time.

Instructions for using Ping:

- 1) Enter the IP address or domain name of a network, a website or a device in the input box of destination, and then click **Start.**
- 2) If related messages are received, it means the network works normally; otherwise, the network is not connected or is connected faultily.



4.16.2 Tracert Test

Tracert Test is used to determine a route from one IP address to another.

Instruction for using Traceroute:

- 1) Enter the IP address or domain name of a destination device in the input box of Destination, and then click Start.
- 2) View the route information from the returned message.





4.16.3 Signaling Call Test

On the **Signaling Call Test** interface, you can test whether the signaling of a call is successfully connected. You need to select the source type, trunk type and IP trunk No. of the call, and enter the calling number and called number. If the signaling of a call fails, you can find out where errors have occurred through the messages returned in the **Signaling Trace** box.

Signaling Call test is used to help locate the reason for a failed call. It is used to test the signaling of a PSTN->IP or PSTN->IP call and check whether the connection is normal or not.



Source Trunk
Source Type
Trunk Type
IP Trunk No.

Calling Number
Called Number
Signaling Trace

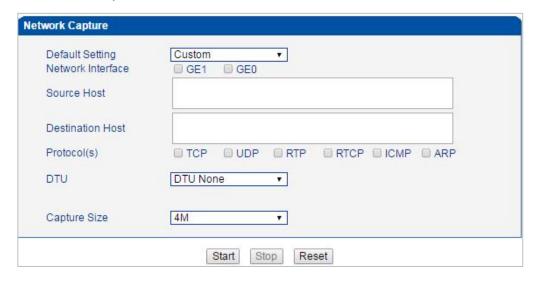
Save Start Stop Clear

4.16.4 Network Capture

On the following interface, you can capture data packages of the available network ports. You can also set source host and destination host to capture the packages that you want.

Note: If there are multiple source or destination IP addresses, please use '|' to separate them, for example, 172.16.115.12|172.16.115.15.

After package capturing is completed, save the captured packages on a computer and then use a tool to analyze them.





4.16.5 Debug Command

At present, only 'closing all' is supported. 'close all' means to close all the tracing.



4.17 Management

This menu provides various settings required for device management, including basic management parameters, dual MCU Card parameters, license management, data download and restore, user management, firmware upload, password modification, device restart and other management parameters. Network management staffs can use these items to achieve the management of the gateway.



4.17.1 Management Parameter

WEB Configuration	
WEB Default Language	Both
HTTPS Port	443
System Parameter	
CPU Working Mode	Low-Power 🗸
E1 Call Limit Configuration	
Maximum Number Of Calls	0
Effective Time	0 h
Note: the maximum number of calls or the role o	of time is 0 on behalf of the function does not take effect!
Access Control	
Web	Allowed to access GE0 <a> Allowed to access GE1 <a> <a> <a> <a> <a> <a> <a> <a> <a> <a> <a> <
Ssh	Allowed to access GE0 ☑ Allowed to access GE1 ☑
SYSLOG Configuration	
SYSLOG Enable	● Yes ○ No
Log Type	☐ Signal ☐ System ☐ Management ☐ Media
Server IP1	
Server IP2	
SYSLOG Level	NONE
Send CDR	○ Yes ● No
FILELOG Configuration	O les @ No
FILELOG Enable	● Yes ○ No
Log Type	☐ Signal ☐ System ☐ Management ☐ Media
FILELOG Level	NONE VIOLENTIA MANAGEMENT CONTROL VIOLENTIA
Save CDR	
	● Yes ○ No
NATS Server Config Enable NATS	@ · · · · · · ·
	● Yes ○ No
Server IP	4222
Server Port	4222
User Name	
Password	
TLS Enable	● Yes ○ No
Send CDR To NATS Server	O Yes No
E1 Auto Close Config	
Enable Auto Close	● Yes ○ No
Judgment By	☐ Eth State ☐ Sip Server State ☐ Register State ☐ Continuous Call Timeout
Qos	
Qos Type	None
NTP Configuration	
NTP Enable	● Yes ○ No
Primary NTP Server Address	202.120.2.101
Primary NTP Server Port	123
Secondary NTP Server Address	202.112.0.7
Secondary NTP Server Port	123
Sync Interval	604800 s
Time Zone	GMT+8:00 (Beijing, Singapore, Taipei)



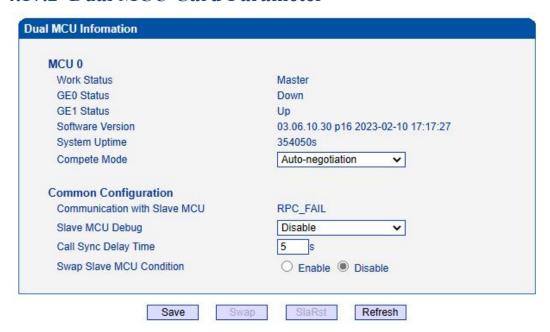
Parameter Belong to **Explanation** WEB Default Configure web page display language (Both/ English/ Chinese). Language **WEB** Configuration HTTPS port The default port of the HTTPS **HTTPS Port** service is 443. System **CPU** Working Configure CPU working mode, such as low Parameter Mode power/high performance. The maximum number of calls within the Maximum effective time, 0 means the function does not take Number of Calls E1 Call Limit The effective time to limit the maximum number Configuration of calls, 0 means the function is not effective, and Effective time the E1 call limit configuration takes effect for each E1. Access Web/Ssh Options for GE0/GE1 to access web, ssh, telnet Control **SYSLOG** To send logs of the corresponding to the Enable SYSLOG server. The type of syslog, users can select signal syslog, Log Type system syslog, management syslog and media Server IP1 The IP address of the SYSLOG server. **SYSLOG** Configuration Server IP2 The IP address of the SYSLOG server. Configure Syslog Level, users can set five levels SYSLOG Level such as NONE, DEBUG, INFO, NOTICE, WARNING. When enabled, the device will automatically send Send CDR CDR to SYSLOG server. **FILELOG** To save the log of the device, which can be downloaded in the data download. Enable The type of file log, users can select signal Log Type syslog, system syslog, management syslog and **FILELOG** media syslog. Configuration Configure FILELOG Level, users can set five levels such as NONE, DEBUG, INFO, NOTICE, FILELOG Level WARNING. When enabled, the device will automatically send Save CDR CDR to FILELOG server. **NATS Server Enable NATS** To send bills to NATS server.



Config Configure NATS server domain name or IP Server IP address. Server Port Configure the connection port of NATS server. Configure the authentication username of NATS User Name Configure the authentication password of NATS Password server. TLS Enable Enable TLS encrypted transmission. When enabled, the device will automatically send Send CDR To **NATS Server** CDR to NATS server. **Enable Auto** E1 port will be automatically closed when the Close detection conditions are met. E1 Auto Close Configure the basis for E1 Auto Close, such as Config Judgment By Eth State, Sip Server State, Register State and Continuous Call Timeout. Do not enable /DS, whether to enable Qos Qos Qos Type service, not enabled by default. Whether to enable NTP to synchronize the NTP Enable system time, it is enabled by default. **Primary NTP** Primary NTP server address. Server Address Primary NTP The default port of the primary NTP server is Server Port 123. **NTP** Secondary NTP Configuration The address of the secondary NTP server. Server Address Secondary NTP The default port of the secondary NTP server is Server Port 123. Sync Interval The time period of system detection. Select the time zone where the current device is Time Zone located. Tick Enable and enter the date and time, the date and time meet the standard, and the set time Time Setting Time Setting cannot be too far away from the current time of the device.



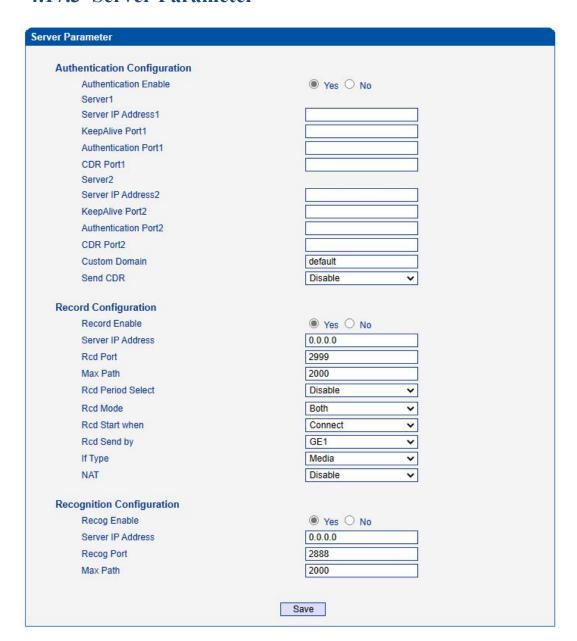
4.17.2 Dual MCU Card Parameter



Parameter	Explanation		
Slave MCU Debug	If enabled, rpc_trace trace information will be displayed		
	through the slave MCU port.		
Call Cyrus Dalay Time	Calls longer than the configured time will be normal after		
Call Sync Delay Time	the master/slave MCU switch.		
Swap Slave MCU	After enabling, network abnormality triggers the switch o		
Condition	master/slave MCU.		
	Multiple options (GE0/GE1), unplugging and plugging of		
Communication Status	the network cable of the master MCU port will trigger the		
	master/slave switch.		



4.17.3 Server Parameter





Belong to Parameter **Explanation** Authentication After enabling, the device will authenticate the Enable server and send call bills. Server IP Configure the IP address of the authentication Address server. Configure the KeepAlive Port of the KeepAlive Port authentication server. Authentication Authentication Configure the Authentication Port of the Configuration Port authentication server. Configure the CDR Port of the authentication **CDR Port** server. Configure the Custom Domain of the Custom Domain authentication server. When enabled, the device will automatically Send CDR send CDR to authentication server. After enabling, the device sends the media Recording stream to the recording server to generate a Enable recording file. Server IP Configure the IP address of the recording server. Address Configure the port of the recording server, which Rcd Port usually is 2999. Maximum number of concurrent recordings. Max Path Rcd Period Configure the time interval for recording. Select Rcd Mode Configure recording mode. Record Configure the recording start time, including Configuration connect/alert; if recording starts from connect, the recording file will only contain the call Rcd Start when conversation after the call is taken, if recording starts from alert, the recording file will contain the ringback tone before the call is taken. Rcd Send by Configure the interface for sending recordings. If Type Type of interface, including media/management. Disable/enable NAT; when enabled, the RTP stream is forwarded to the configured server IP; **NAT** when disabled, the RTP stream is forwarded to the address carried by the recording server start ack message Enable voice recognition After enabling, the device sends the media configuration recognition. stream to the recognition server for voice



recognition.

Server IP Configure the IP address of the recognition
Address server.

Recog Port Configure the port of the recognition server.

Max Path Maximum concurrent for language recognition

4.17.4 Cloud Server

User can register the EQ-64E1 device to cloud server, and then the gateway will be managed by cloud server.



Parameter	Explanation
Domain	The address of the cloud server, the public network cloud server is www.dmcld.com
Port	The port to connect to the cloud server, the public network cloud server port is 2020.
Password	Password can be empty.

4.17.5 NMS Server

User can register the EQ-64E1 device to NMS server and use NMS services.





 Parameter
 Explanation

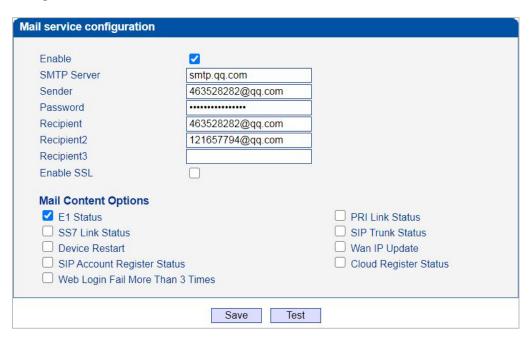
 NMS Server Address
 Configure the IP address of NMS Server.

 NMS Server Port
 Configure the port of NMS Server.

 NMS Local Interface
 Configure the local interface of NMS Server.

4.17.6 Mail Server

After enabling the mail service, it can send device alarm emails to specific recipients through email servers such as Tencent email service.

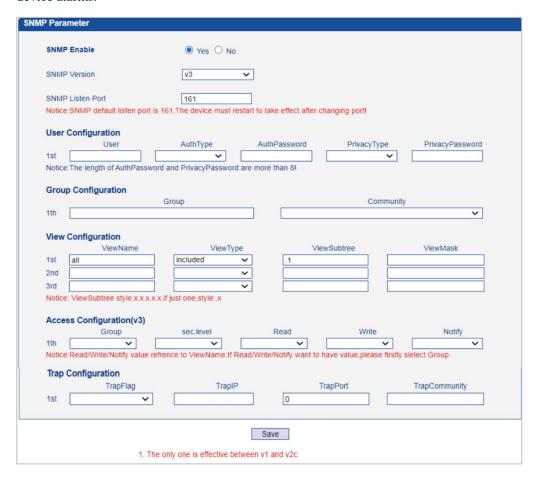


Parameter	Explanation	
SMTP Server	Email server address (such as smtp.163.com).	
Sender	The sender of the alert email (need to enable SMTP).	
Password	Authorization password of the sender.	
Recipient	Recipient email address.	
Enable SSL	The mail is encrypted via SSL.	
Email Content	Select the subject of the message.	
Options	Select the subject of the message.	



4.17.7 SNMP Parameter

SNMP is a network management standard based on the TCP/IP protocol suite. It is a standard protocol for managing network nodes (such as servers, workstations, routers, switches, etc.) in an IP network. SNMP can enable network administrators to improve network management efficiency, discover and solve network problems in time. Network administrators can also receive notification messages from network nodes and alarm event reports through SNMP to learn network problems. After the device is connected to the SNMP server, you can view and set of the device on the SNMP server, and view the device alarms.





Belong to Parameter **Explanation SNMP Version SNMP Version** v1/v2c/v3 The voice of the alarm message in the trap Trap Language Trap Language sent by the device, users can choose English/Chinese The device SNMP listening port is 161 by SNMP Listen default, and it will take effect after **SNMP Listen Port Port** modification. Same as the user name set on the SNMP User MD5/SHA, consistent with the setting on the Auth Type SNMP server. User The password is consistent with the setting Auth Password Configuration on the SNMP server. DES/AES/AES128, consistent with the Privacy Type setting on the SNMP server. Privacy The password is the same as that set on the Password SNMP server. Group Custom group name. Group Configuration Community The community configured above. View Name Custom included/excluded View Type The Root OID of the Mib Subtree, in the View Subtree format x.x.x.x.x. If there is only one x, the View format is x. Configuration The mask and the OID of the mib tree are expressed in hexadecimal to determine the View Mask range of a view. After translating into binary, each bit corresponds to a bar in the OID. 1 means exact match, and 0 means general. Choose a group name from the ones Group configured above. Authnopriv/authpriv, the encryption type and encryption password will be empty. Access Sec. Level When the security level is authoriv, the Configuration (v3) encryption type and encryption password will be empty. Read Select from the configured views above. Write Select from the configured views above.



Notify
Select from the configured views above.

Trap Flag
V1/V2c/inform
Trap IP
The address of SNMP trap.

Trap Port
SNMP trap port.

Consistent with the configuration of the SNMP platform, it can be empty.

4.17.8 Radius Parameter

The RADIUS server is responsible for receiving the user's connection request, authenticating the user, and then returning all the necessary configuration information to send the service to the user. After the de vice is connected to the radius server, it can authenticate the device login and charge the device call.





Parameter	Explanation	
RADIUS Enable	Select RADIUS service: Disable/ Acct/ Auth/ Acct&Auth.	
Radius Port	The port for connection and communication between the device and the radius server (the default is 1813).	
Max Retry	The number of retry when the device does not receive a reply after sending a radius request.	
Timeout (1~10 seconds)	The time interval between no reply after the device sends a radius request and retransmission of the radius request.	
Connect Fail Count	Only used in Acct mode, and the configured count of connect fail does not receive a response, and the device automatically sets the radius server to the dead state.	
Server Recovery Time (1~30 min)	After setting the recovery time, the radius server status changes from dead to active.	
Device Behavior Upon RADIUS Timeout	Local verification/login refused; local verification—radius server authentication timeout, verify whether the user name and password are consistent with the registered, if they are, the access to the device is successful, if not, the user name/password error will be prompted. Login is refused—Radius server authentication timeout directly denies access, prompting user name/password error.	
Primary Server IP Primary Server Auth Port	Primary radius server address. Primary radius server authentication port.	
Primary Server Acct Port	Primary radius server Acct port.	
Primary Server Key	Master radius server key.	
Second Server IP	Second radius server address.	
Second Server Auth Port	Second radius server authentication port.	
Second Server Acct Port	Second radius server Acct port.	
Second Server Key	Second radius server key.	



4.17.9 Remote Server

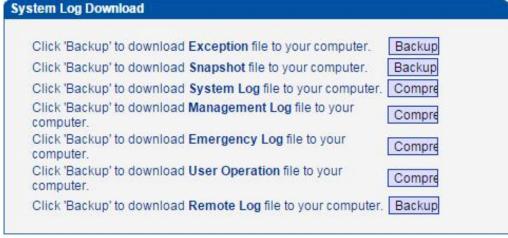
After connected to the server, you can log in to the web management platform of the device through the server.



4.17.10 Data Download

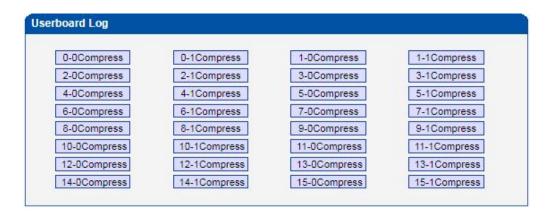
Through data download, service data, system logs, call logs, userboard logs, etc. can be saved to the local computer.





Click 'Backup' to download Cdr file to your computer.	Compre
Click 'Backup' to download Signal Log file to your computer.	Compre
Click 'Backup' to download Media Log file to your computer.	Compre





4.17.11 Data Restore

On the **Data Restore** interface, you can restore database, dialplan, SIP account and so on. If you upload a file that contains default configurations, the EQ-64E1 will be restored to default configurations. You can also upload a dialplan file to restore dialing rules.

Database herein refers to the database where configuration data are placed.





4.17.12 License Management

On the License Management interface, the information of license is displayed.



4.17.13 Version Information

On the **Version Information** interface, the version information of the software, database, Web, FPGA, DSP and DTU boards are displayed.

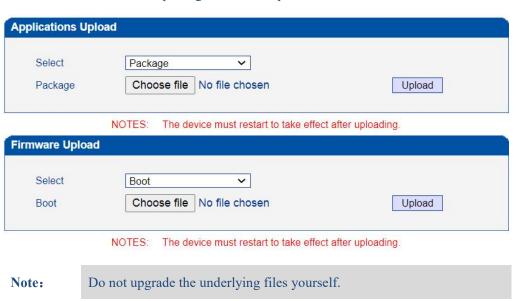
File Type	Version	Date Built	Time Built
Software	3.06.10.30	2023-02-10	17:18:28
Database	2.03.28	2022-01-05	15:30:00
Web	3.06.10.30	2023-02-10	17:18:31
FPGA	1.02.11	2016-06-03	18:22:04
UserBoard ipk	board_1.2		
JserBoard image	h8users.41		



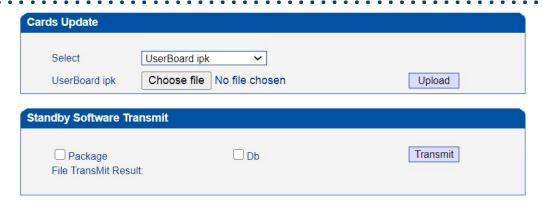
Description	Slot Num	Current Version
Description	Slot Num	Current version
DTU2B-0	0	board1.2-02.17.41-00
DTU2B-1	.1	board1.2-02.17.41-00
DTU2B-2	2	board1.2-02.17.41-00
DTU2B-3	3	board1.2-02.17.41-00
DTU2B-4	4	board1.2-02.17.41-00
DTU2B-5	5	board1.2-02.17.41-00
DTU2B-6	6	board1.2-02.17.41-00
DTU2B-7	7	board1.2-02.17.41-00
DTU2B-8	8	board1.2-02.17.41-00
DTU2B-9	9	board1.2-02.17.41-00
DTU2B-10	10	board1.2-02.17.41-00
DTU2B-11	11	board1.2-02.17.41-00
DTU2B-12	12	board1,2-02.17.41-00
DTU2B-13	13	board1.2-02.17.41-00
SWDTU	16	v5.01.07

4.17.14 Firmware Upload

On the **Applications Upload** interface, you can upload files to upgrade the software, the Web, and the Mod file of EQ-64E1. If you select 'Package', it means the upgrading files of the software and Web are packaged and then uploaded.







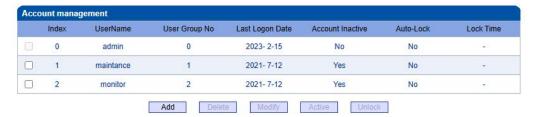
	Parameter	Explanation
	Package	Select the package to be loaded
		(EQpackage.ldf), and click Upload. The
		package contains app and web. There is no
		need to reload the app or web program. After
		the loading is successful, restart the device.
		Select the app program to be loaded
	Software	(EQapp.ldf), and click Upload. After the
		upload is successful, the supporting web
		program will be loaded.
A1: 4:		Select the <i>EQweb.ldf</i> to be loaded, and click
Applications	Web	Upload. After the app and web are loaded
Upgrade		successfully, restart the device.
	Mod File	Select recog.mod to be loaded, click Upload,
		and restart the device after uploading
		successfully.
	Tepdump	Select the tcpdump (linux program) to be
		loaded, click upload, and restart the device after
		the upload is successful.
	Certificate	Select the CA certificate file to be loaded, click
		Upload, and restart the device after the upload
		is successful.
	Boot	Select the <i>EQboot.ldf</i> file to be loaded. After
		the upload is successful, the <i>telnet</i> device enters
		<i>^config</i> , executes <i>uboot update</i> , and restarts the
		device after the prompt "update uboot success".
	Kernel	Select the <i>EQkernel.ldf</i> file to be loaded. After
Firmware Upgrade		the upload is successful, the <i>telnet</i> device enters
		^config , executes the kernel update, and
		restarts the device after the prompt "update
		kernel success".
	E:1- C	Select the EQfs.ldf file to be loaded. After the
	File System	upload is successful, the <i>telnet</i> device enters

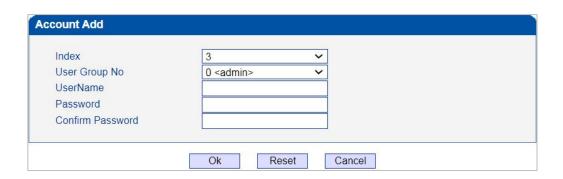


^config, executes license update, netinfo backup, save the license and network information of the device, and then execute fs update. After the fs is refreshed (Do not operate the web and do not use the web to restart the device). You can log in to the reboot device with SSH, or *reset* the device in *^config* mode. Upload the selected *EOfpga.ldf* and restart the **FPGA** device to take effect after the upload is Firmware successful. Upload the selected *EQdsp.ldf* and restart the **DSP Firmware** device to take effect after the upload is successful. Upload the selected *dsp827app.ldf* and restart DSP827 the device to take effect after the upload is Firmware successful. Upload the selected *EQauth.ldf* and restart the Authorization device to take effect after the upload is successful. Upload the selected audio file and restart the Module device to take effect after the upload is successful. Upload the selected user board program and User Board ipk restart the device to take effect after the upload is successful. Cards Update Upload the selected user board program and User Board restart the device to take effect after the upload image is successful. After selecting the software package and database, click Standby Software Synchronize; the software package can only synchronize the **Transmit** uploaded package files; the program can be synchronized after the master/slave MCU synchronization is successful.



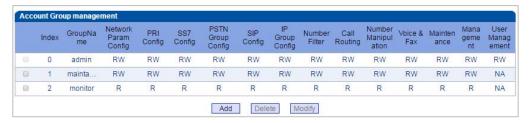
4.17.15 User Account Management





Parameter	Explanation	
Index	Account index, 32 accounts can be configured, account 0 cannot be	
	modified or deleted.	
User Group No	The account in which the group.	

4.17.16 User Group Management





Index	3	~
GroupName		
Status & Statistics	ReadWrite	~
Network Param Config	ReadWrite	~
PRI Config	ReadWrite	~
SS7 Config	ReadWrite	~
PSTN Group Config	ReadWrite	~
SIP Config	ReadWrite	~
P Group Config	ReadWrite	~
Number Filter	ReadWrite	~
Call Routing	ReadWrite	~
Number Manipulation	ReadWrite	~
Voice & Fax	ReadWrite	~
Maintenance	ReadWrite	~
Management	ReadWrite	~
SDH Config	ReadWrite	~
Encrypt Config	ReadWrite	~
R2 Config	ReadWrite	~
Username Length Range	6 - 32	
Password Length Range	6 - 22	
Inactive after a period of logout time	93	day
Auto-lock ater failed logins(count/period)	5 / 30	min
Locking time for Auto-lock	30	min

NOTE: 1.The account will turn to inactive status after a period of logout time. 2.Login failed several times in a row, the account will be locked.

Parameter	Explanation
Index	Account group index, 8 account groups can be configured,
Index	account 0 cannot be modified or deleted.
GroupName	Description of account group name.
Permissions	ReadWrite/ ReadOnly/ None.
UserName Length	Limit the length of the password username (The front bit
Range	cannot be length than the later).
Password Length	Limit the length of the password (The front bit cannot be
Range	length than the later).
Inactive after a	When the account is not logged in or used within the
Period of Logout Time	configured time (the device has not been restarted), the account
	into dormant and cannot be used. the account will go to sleep
	and cannot be used.
Auto-lock after	The number of consecutive login failures within the configured
Failed Login	period. If more than the preset number, the account will be
(count/period)	locked and cannot be logged in.
Locking Time for	Set the account lock time, and the account will be
Auto-lock	automatically unlocked after the preset time is reached.



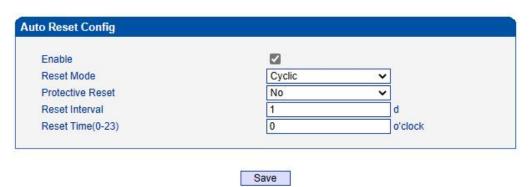
4.17.17 Password Modification

On the **Password Modification** interface, you can modify password for logging in the EQ-64E1 device. Default password is admin@123#, so it is advised to modify it for security consideration.

The above and mentioned password is also used to log in Web Interface, Telnet and SSH.

assword Modification	
Old Password	
New Password	
	8~21 characters and is case sensitive
Confirm Password	
	Please fill in the password again

4.17.18 Auto Reset



NOTE: Protective reset will detects if a call is currently active.

The time is based on the device system time.

Parameter	Explanation
Reset Mode	Timed restart/delayed restart; timed restart is a cyclic restart,
Reset Wode	and delayed restart is a one-time restart.
	Protective restart will detect whether there is current calls
Protective Reset	within the time range, and restart the device when there is no
	calls; otherwise, the device will be forced to restart within the
	last time.
Reset Interval	The time of the interval between two restarts
Reset Time (0-23)	The time of each restart

4.17.19 Device Restart

Click the Restart button, and you can restart the EQ-64E1 device.



Click the 'Reset' button below to restart the device
In dual master mode, Click the 'BothRst' button below to restart the device

Reset SlaRst BothRst



5 Abbreviation

Abbreviation	Full Name
PRI	Primary Rate Interface
DND	Do-not-Disturb
FMC	Fixed Mobile Convergence
SIP	Session Initiation Protocol
DTMF	Dual Tone Multi Frequency
USSD	Unstructured Supplementary Service Data
PSTN	Public Switched Telephone Network
STUN	Simple Traversal of UDP over NAT
IVR	Interactive Voice Response
IMSI	International Mobile Subscriber Identification Number)
IMEI	International Mobile Equipment Identity
DMZ	Demilitarized Zone



6 Commands

6.1 Commands under en Mode

This section is aimed to guide customers to get more details of EQ-64E1 gateway through command lines. It introduces the command lines that are commonly used.

6.1.1 Login Command

Run the PuTTY, and login EQ-64E1 gateway through Telnet. Enter username and password, and then run command en to activate the privileged commands.

```
Welcome to Command Shell!
Username:admin
Password:****
ROS>en
ROS#
```

6.1.2 Query IP Address

Enter the command **show int**, IP address, MAC address and Netmask of GE1 are displayed.

```
ROS#show int

Link encap:Ethernet HWaddr 00:5A:4E:56:38:04 MAC

IP Address

inet addr:172.16.222.2 Bcast:172.16.255.255 Mask:255.255.0.0

UP BROADCAST RUNNING MULTICAST MTU:1400 Metric:1

RX packets:222562 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0

TX packets:71386 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0

collisions:0 txqueuelen:532

RX bytes:66441300 (63.3 MiB) TX bytes:23649487 (22.5 MiB)

Interrupt:11
```

6.1.3 Query Statistics about DTU

Enter the command show card, and statistics about DTU are displayed.





6.1.4 Query DSP Information

Enter the command **show dsp info**, and DSP information is displayed.

```
ROS#show dsp info
Dsp No:0,
                 Status: DSP LOADING INIT SUCCESS
                 Dsp Cap: 2480
                 Dsp Mac:00-11-22-33-44-02
              Ip Address:172.30.20.4
             Arm version: Branch 7 25 K2
         Load Fail Count:0
   Cmd NoResponse Count:0
Dsp No:1,
                 Status: DSP LOADING INIT SUCCESS
                 Dsp Cap:2480
                 Dsp Mac:00-11-22-33-44-03
              Ip Address:172.30.20.4
             Arm version: Branch 7 25 K2
         Load Fail Count:0
   Cmd NoResponse Count:0
                Status: DSP LOADING INIT SUCCESS
Dsp No:2,
                Dsp Cap:2480
                Dsp Mac:00-11-22-33-44-12
              Ip Address:172.30.20.4
             Arm version: Branch 7 25 K2
         Load Fail Count:0
    Cmd NoResponse Count:0
```

6.1.5 Query CPU Performance

Enter the command show perf, the CPU performance is displayed.

```
ROS#show perf

performance now :0

performance 5s :0

performance 60s :0

performance 600s:0

performance now user(%%):0

performance now system(%%):0
```

Performance now	CPU load at current time	
Performance 5s	Average CPU load in recent 5 seconds	
Performance 60s	Average CPU load in recent 60 seconds	
Performance 600s	Average CPU load in recent 600 seconds	

6.1.6 Query SS7 Trunk Status

Enter the command show ss7 sta, and the status of SS7 link is displayed.



ROS#show ss7 sta grpId linkState mainLink backupLink currentCalls maxCalls failCalls tot alCalls failRatio

6.1.7 Query SS7 Link Statistics

Enter the command show ss7 link, and statistics about SS7 link are displayed.

```
ROS#show ss7 link
linkId hdlcNo type revErrs cc rc lsc iac poc txc aerm suerm
daedt daedr
```

6.1.8 Query SS7 Call Statistics

Enter the command show ss7 call, and statistics about SS7 calls are displayed.

```
ROS#show ss7 call
grpId: interface ID userId: CC call ID callId: SS7 call ID
online total calls: 0
```

6.1.9 Query SS7 Errors

Enter the command show ss7 err, and errors about SS7 trunks or SS7 links are displayed.

```
ROS#show ss7 err
error cnt:14
[07-15 11:06]erro - hard_init()->tm_connect_ss7_e1 failed!
[07-15 11:06]erro - hard_init()->tm_connect_ss7_e1 failed!
[07-15 11:07]erro - hard_init()->tm_connect_ss7_e1 failed!
[07-15 11:08]erro - hard_init()->tm_connect_ss7_e1 failed!
[07-15 11:08]linkId[2] erro - ###-- Error: Abnormal Flag -> 127 <= 21 <= 127
[07-15 11:08]linkId[2] erro - ss7_pkt_discard()->fsn error! previous:51 ,new:127 len:6
```

6.1.10 Query PRI Trunk Status

Enter the command show q931 sta, and statuses of PRI trunks are displayed.



Welcome to Command Shell!
Username:admin
Password:*****
ROS>en
ROS#show q931 sta
SHOW ALL PRAS DETAIL CALL STATISTIC INFORMATION
ROS#

6.1.11 Query PRI Link Statistics

Enter the command show q931 link, and PRI link statistics are displayed.

6.1.12 Query PRI Call Statistics

Enter the command show q931 call, and statistics about PRI calls are displayed.

```
ROS# show q931 call
SHOW ALL PRAS INFORMATION
CR: Q931 CALL REFERENCE SC:SHOW CALLING NUMBER
UID: EIA NO <<16 | PORT NO or 0x200 << 16 | ST CR
ROS#
```

6.1.13 Query Packet Statistics of HDLC Channel and Related Error Codes

Enter the command **show mcc** \mathbf{x} (x refers to the port No. of HDLC channel), and the packet statistics and error codes (if there are any) of the HDLC channel are displayed.



ROS#show mcc x
----HDLC channel 0 Info ---chan0 send frames num = 0.
chan0 recv frames num = 0.
ROS#

6.1.14 Query Status of E1 Port

Enter the command **show e1 x** (x refers to the E1 port No.), and the status of the E1 port is displayed.

```
ROS#show e1 x
E1No=0 E1OkFlag=0, enable , IsUsed=0(none-255), LineState=0xa3, Framing_Err_Nu
m=0, Code_Violation_Num=0, E-bit_Err_Num=0, RX_CRC_Err_Num=0.
Set Remote Clock Source Port:0 at Card:0.
ROS#
ROS#
```

6.1.15 Query Statistics of All Call

Enter the command show cc call, and the statistics of all calls are displayed.

6.2 Commands under config Mode

6.2.1 Login Commands

Welcome to Command Shell!

Username:admin

Password:****

ROS>en

ROS#

ROS#^config

ROS(config)#



6.2.2 Other Commands

Used For/To	Command	
Query version information	ROS(config)# load show	
Call two sin s	ROS(config)#deb cc detail all	
Call tracing	ROS(ada)#turnon 27	
CID signal two sin s	ROS(config)#deb sip msg all	
SIP signal tracing	ROS(ada)#turnon 71	
One of SC7 Signal	ROS(config)#deb ss7 <lnkid> <level></level></lnkid>	
Query SS7 Signal	ROS(ada)#turnon 96	
On a man DD I Gia mad	ROS(config)#deb q931 detail	
Query PRI Signal	ROS(ada)#turnon 64	
Restart EQ-64E1	ROS(config)#reset gmpu [ipaddr]	

6.3 Commands under ada Mode

6.3.1 Login Commands

Welcome to Command Shell!

Username:admin

Password:****

ROS>en

ROS#

ROS#^ada

ROS(ada)#[119-17:35:18:040]ADA CONNECTED ...,WELCOME!

ROS(ada)#

Used For/To	Command
Query the records about exceptions or errors	ROS(ada)#cmd 3 30 0
Query the records about exceptions or errors	ROS(ada)#cmd 3 30 1
before the restart of EQ-64E1	
Disable the printing of SIP messages	ROS(ada)#turnoff 71
Disable the printing of SS7 messages	ROS(ada)#turnoff 96
Disable the printing of PRI messages	ROS(ada)#turnoff 64
Disable the printing of CC messages	ROS(ada)#turnoff 27